

High-voltage and Switching Power transistors Supplement to SC06

| B | 0 | 0 | K | | S | C | 0 | 6 | | | 1 | 9 | 8 | 9 | |

Philips Components



PHILIPS

**SUPPLEMENT TO SC06:
HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHING AND POWER TRANSISTORS**

	<i>page</i>
Introduction	3
Selection guide	5
Type number survey	9
Transistor data in alphanumerical sequence	13

INTRODUCTION

This supplement to SC06, High-voltage switching and power transistors, contains details of types that are missing from the current 1989 edition. For information regarding rating systems, transistor ratings, letter symbols, SOAR, mounting instructions and accessories, please refer to the relevant sections of the main handbook.

SELECTION GUIDE

type	V _{CEO} (V)	I _C (mA)	P _{tot} (W)	envelope
BF419	250	100	6	TO-126
BF457	160	100	6	TO-126
BF458	250	100	6	TO-126
BF459	300	100	6	TO-126
BF469	250	50	1.8	TO-126
BF470	-250	-50	1.8	TO-126
BF471	-	50	1.8	TO-126
BF472	-	-50	1.8	TO-126
BF583	250	50	1.6	TO-202
BF584	-250	-50	1.6	TO-202
BF585	300	50	1.6	TO-202
BF586	-300	-50	1.6	TO-202
BF587	350	50	1.6	TO-202
BF588	-350	-50	1.6	TO-202
BF591	170	150	1.3	TO-202
BF593	210	150	1.3	TO-202
BF819	250	100	6	TO-202
BF857	160	100	6	TO-202
BF858	250	100	6	TO-202
BF859	300	100	6	TO-202
BF869	250	50	5	TO-202
BF870	-250	-50	5	TO-202
BF871	-	50	5	TO-202
BF872	-	-50	5	TO-202
BU806	200	8000	60	TO-220AB
BU807	150	8000	60	TO-220AB
BU806F	200	8000	28	SOT186
BU806AF	180	8000	28	SOT186
BU807F	150	8000	28	SOT186

TYPE NUMBER SURVEY

TYPE NUMBER SURVEY

type	polarity	page
BF419	npn	15
BF457	npn	21
BF458	npn	21
BF459	npn	21
BF469	npn	27
BF470	PNP	35
BF471	npn	27
BF472	PNP	35
BF583	npn	43
BF584	PNP	47
BF585	npn	43
BF586	PNP	47
BF587	npn	43
BF588	PNP	47
BF591	npn	51
BF593	npn	51
BF819	npn	55
BF857	npn	63
BF858	npn	63
BF859	npn	63
BF869	npn	69
BF870	PNP	75
BF871	npn	69
BF872	PNP	75
BU806	npn	81
BU807	npn	81
BU806F	npn	85
BU806AF	npn	85
BU807AF	npn	85

DEVICE DATA

in alphanumerical sequence

HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSISTOR

Silicon n-p-n transistor in TO-126 plastic envelope intended for use as a driver for line output transistors in colour tv receivers.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

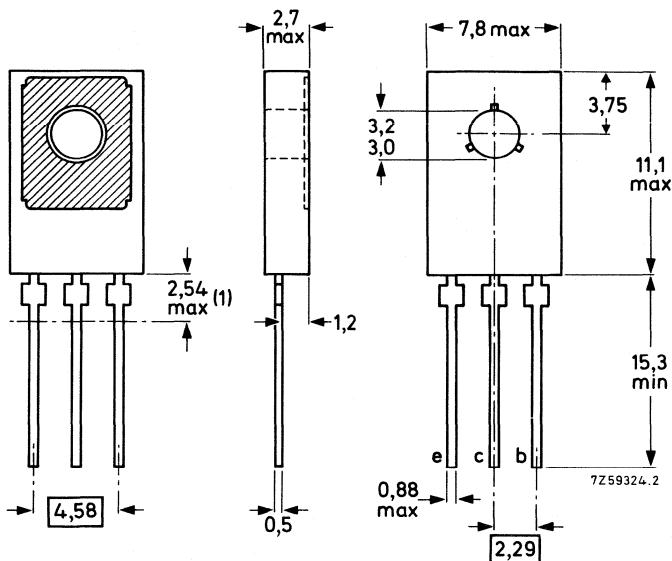
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	300	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	250	V
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	300	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 90^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	6	W
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
D.C. current gain $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	typ.	45	
Storage time	t_s	typ.	0.5	μs

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig.1 TO-126 (SOT-32)

Collector connected to mounting base



(1) Within this region the cross-section of the leads is uncontrolled

See also chapters Mounting Instructions and Accessories.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	300	V
Collector-emitter voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 1 \text{ k}\Omega$)	V_{CER}	max.	300	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	250	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	5	V
Collector current (continuous)	I_C	max.	100	mA
Collector current (peak value) *	I_{CM}	max.	300	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 90^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	6	W
up to $T_{amb} = 70^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	0.8	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to mounting base	$R_{th j-mb}$	=	10	K/W
From junction to ambient	$R_{th j-a}$	=	100	K/W

* Precautions should be taken during switch-on of the BF419 where an overshoot of current is likely to occur. The amplitude of the overshoot depends on the relative magnitude of stray external capacities to the transistor collector capacity. It is desirable to keep the stray capacities to a minimum by short lead lengths etc. so as to minimise the area of the switching path.

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Collector cut-off current

 $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 250\text{ V}$ $I_{CBO} < 50\text{ nA}$

Emitter cut-off current

 $I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}$ $I_{EBO} < 50\text{ nA}$

D.C. current gain

 $I_C = 20\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $h_{FE} \text{ typ. } 45$

Collector-emitter saturation voltage

 $I_C = 200\text{ mA}; I_B = 20\text{ mA}^*$ $V_{CEsat} < 11\text{ V}$ Collector output capacitance at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$ $C_{Tc} < 4.5\text{ pF}$

Storage time

(in the typical circuit below)

 $t_s \text{ typ. } 0.5\text{ }\mu\text{s}$

* The BF419 is controlled to V_{CEsat} max. 11.0 V and is thermally stable under all operating conditions where T_j max of 150°C is not exceeded. For the typical circuit shown below, a heatsink is not required for operation with $T_{amb} \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$.

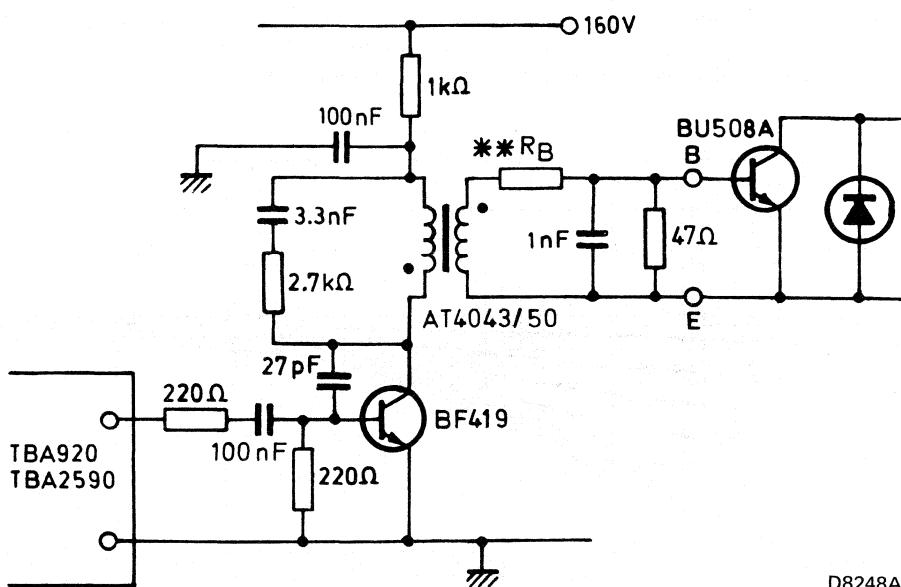


Fig.2 Typical circuit.

** R_B is chosen so that the end-of-scan base current for the BU508A is 1.4 A under nominal conditions. Typical value of R_B is 0.5Ω plus 0.1Ω lead resistance.

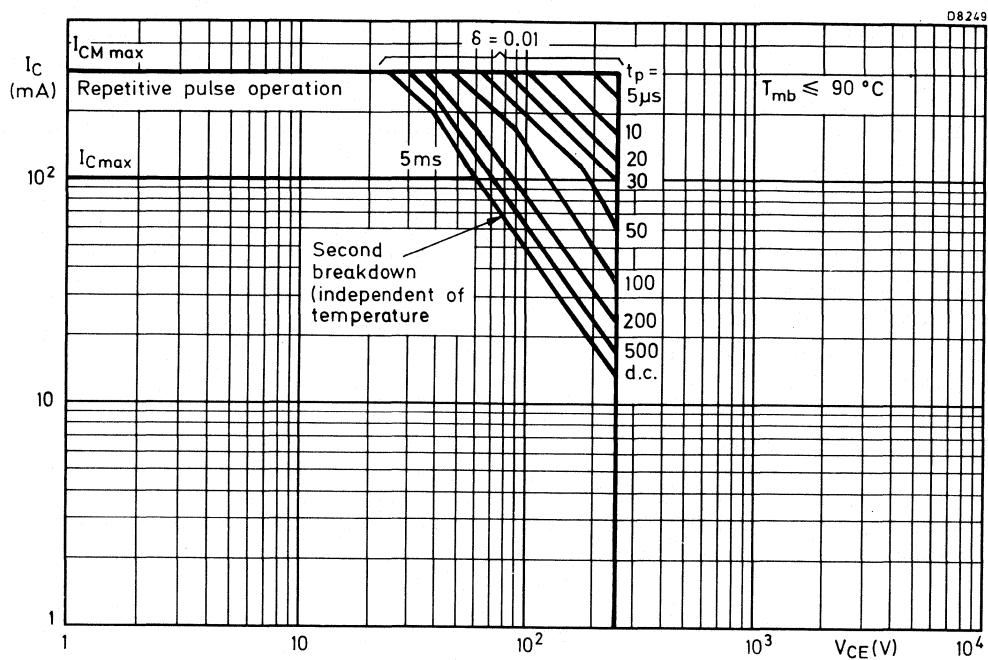


Fig.3 Safe Operating Areas with the transistor forward biased.

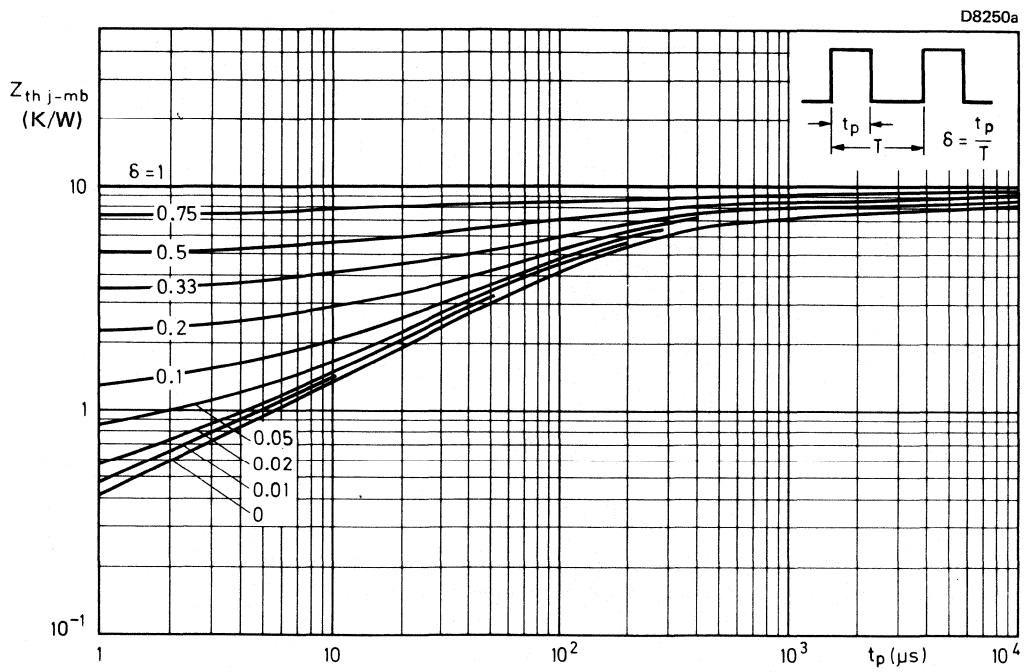


Fig. 4.

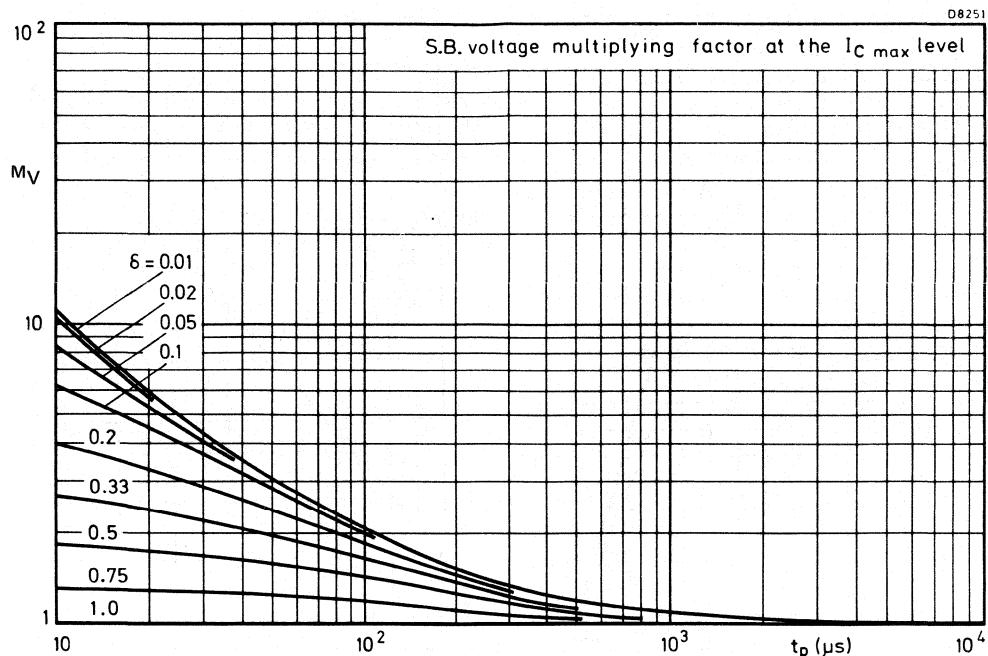


Fig. 5.

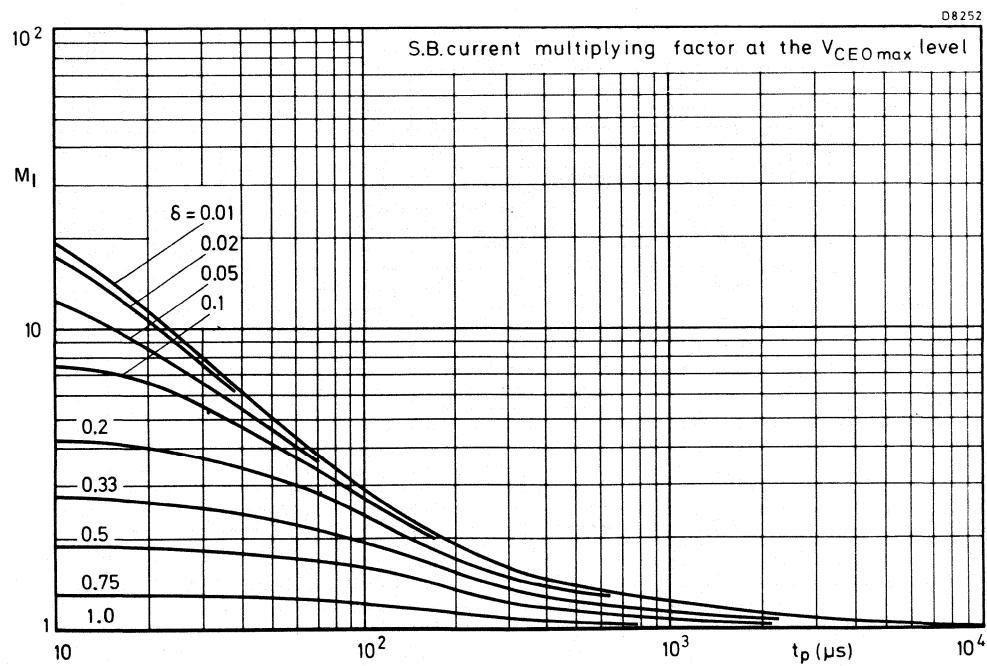


Fig. 6.

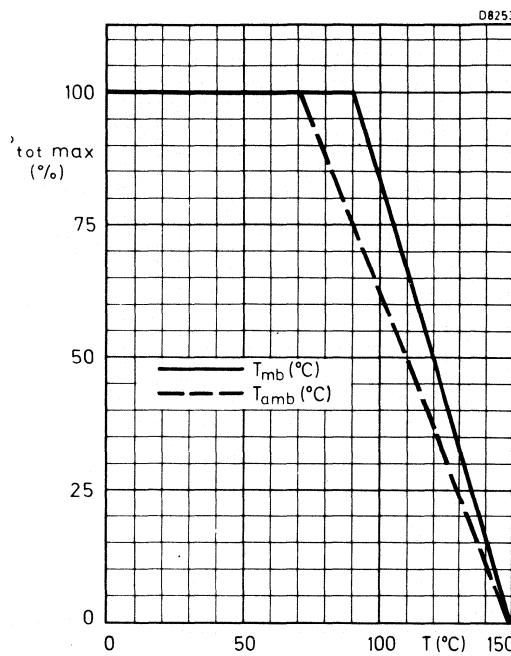


Fig. 7.

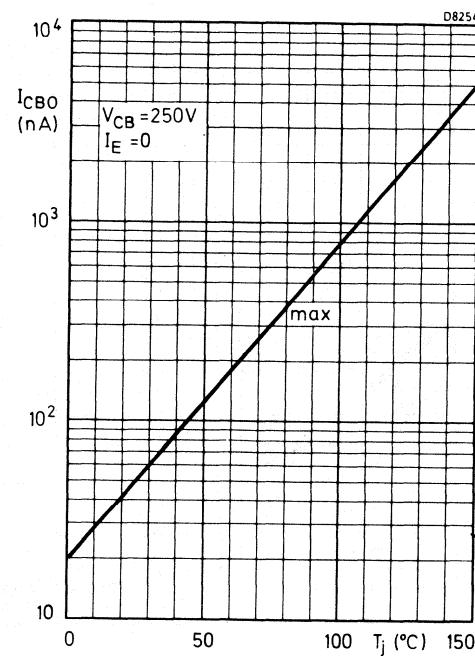


Fig. 8.

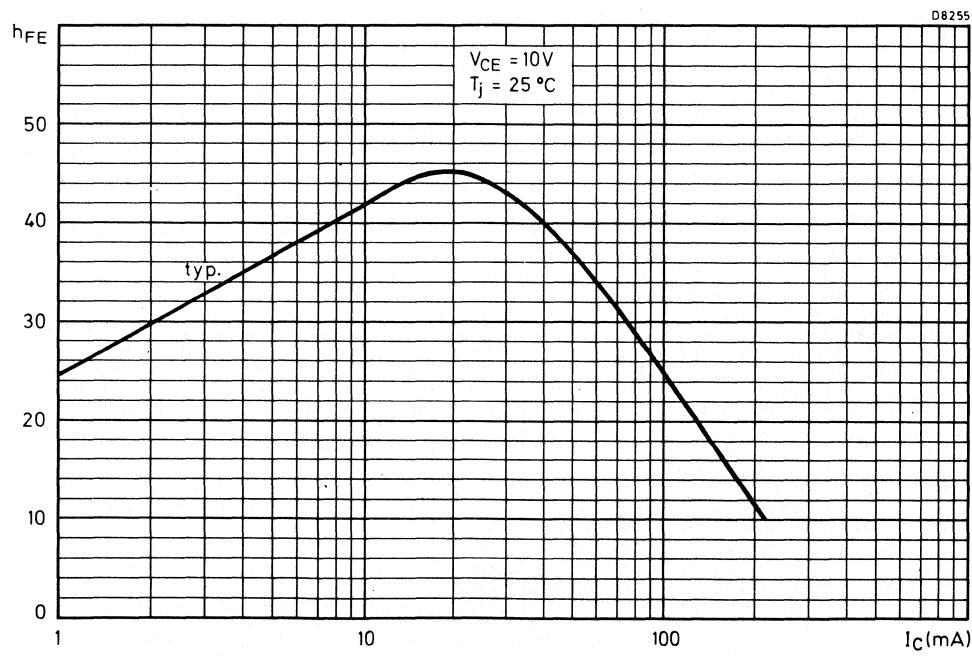


Fig. 9.

SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTORS

for video output stages

N-P-N transistors in a SOT-32 plastic envelope intended for video output stages in black-and-white and in colour television receivers.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

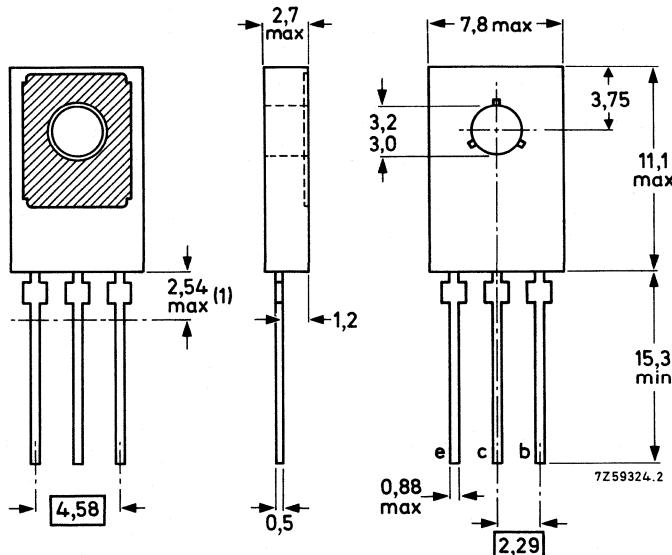
			BF457	BF458	BF459	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	160	250	300	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	160	250	300	V
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.		300		mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 90^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.		6		W
Junction temperature	T_j	max.		150		$^\circ\text{C}$
D.C. current gain at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	>		26		
Transition frequency $I_C = 15 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	f_T	typ.		90		MHz
Feedback capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	<		3,5		pF

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to metal part of mounting surface

TO-126 (SOT-32)



(1) Within this region the cross-section of the leads is uncontrolled.

See also chapters Mounting instructions and Accessories.

RATINGS Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC134)

		BF457	BF458	BF459	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	160	250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	160	250	300 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	5	5	5 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	100	mA	
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	300	mA	
Base current (d.c.)	I_B	max.	50	mA	
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 90^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	6	W	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$		
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
THERMAL RESISTANCE					
From junction to ambient	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=	104	K/W	
From junction to mounting base	$R_{th\ j-mb}$	=	10	K/W	

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current

 $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 100 \text{ V}$ for BF457 $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 200 \text{ V}$ for BF458 $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 250 \text{ V}$ for BF459 $I_{CBO} < 50 \text{ nA}$

Emitter cut-off current

 $I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}$ $I_{EBO} < 50 \text{ nA}$

D.C. current gain

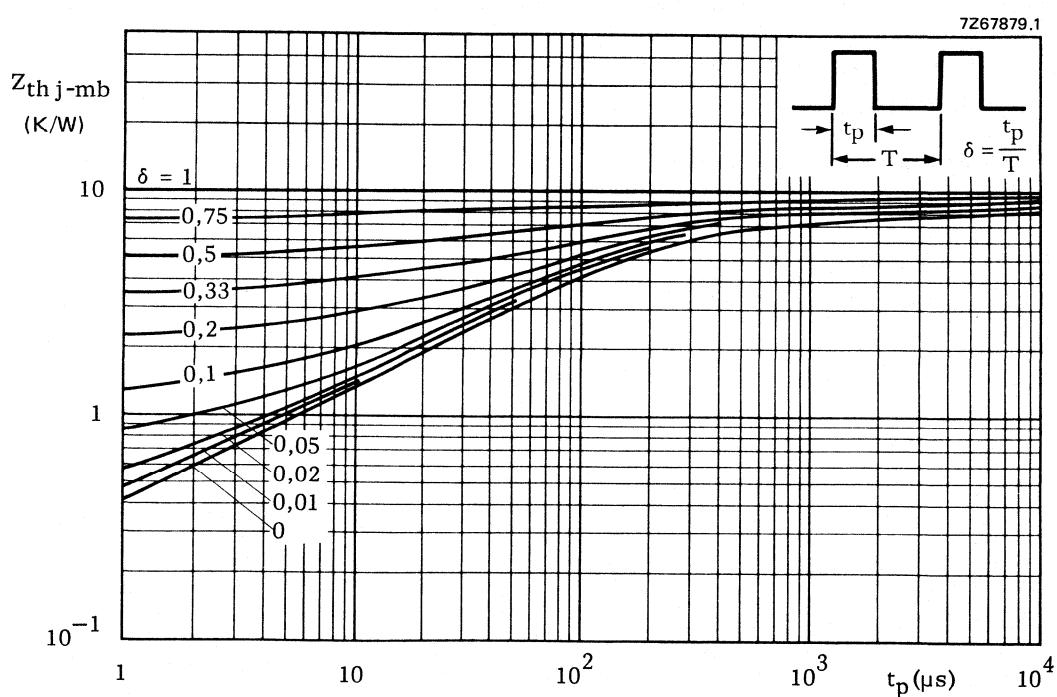
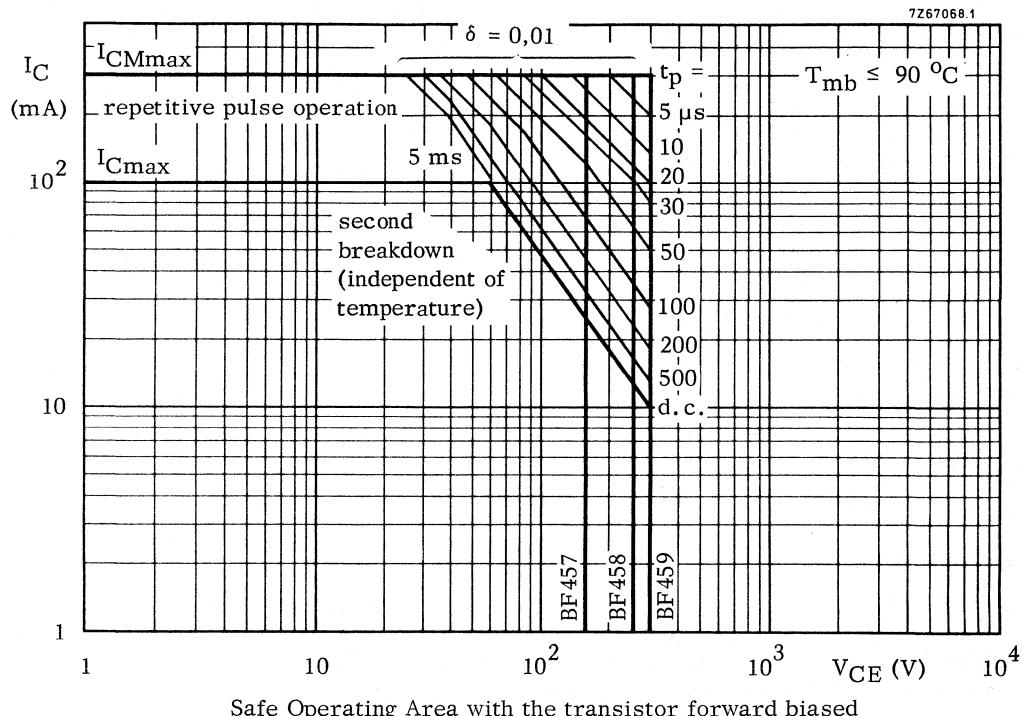
 $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $h_{FE} > 26$

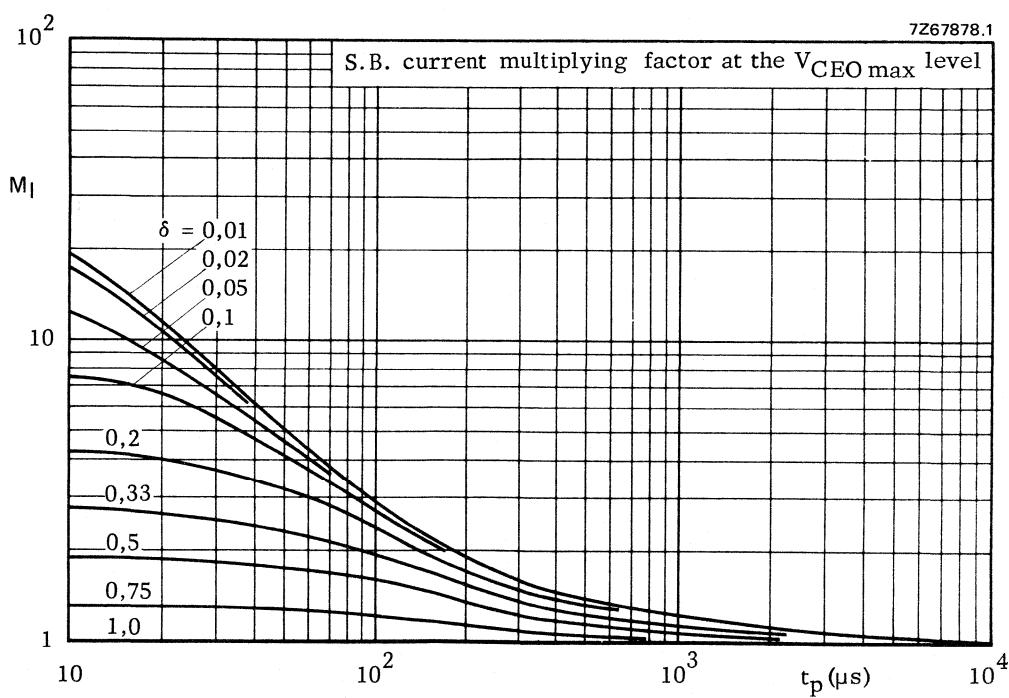
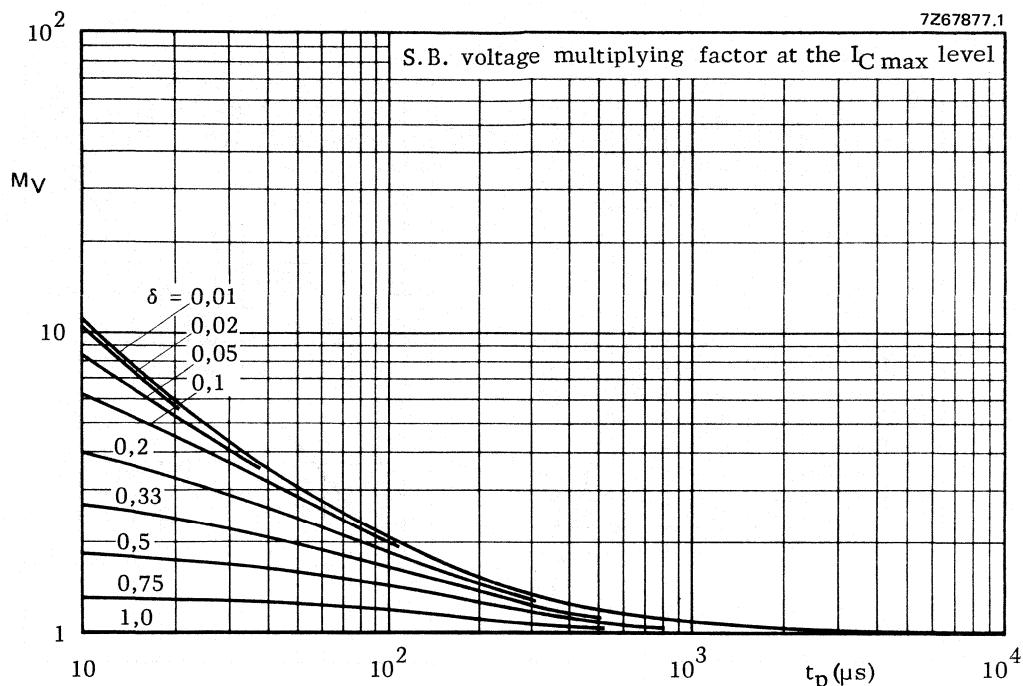
Collector-emitter saturation voltage

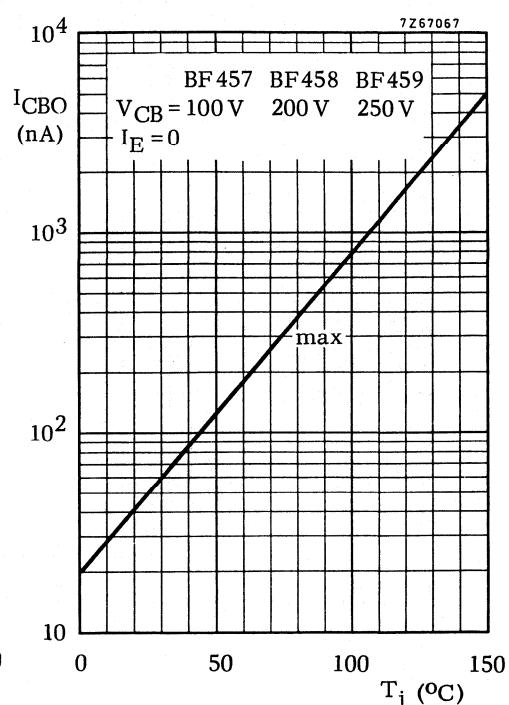
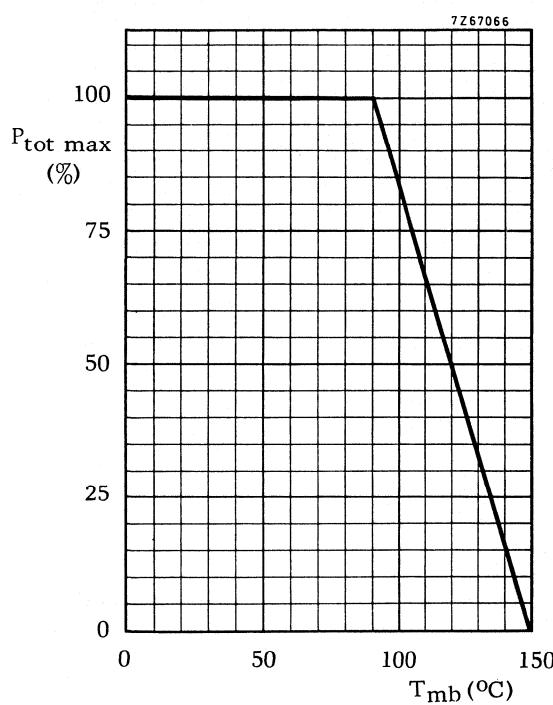
 $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; I_B = 6 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CEsat} < 1 \text{ V}$ High frequency knee voltage at $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CEK} \text{ typ. } 15 \text{ V}$

The high frequency knee voltage of a transistor is that value of the collector-emitter voltage at which the small signal gain, measured in a practical circuit, has dropped to 80% of the gain at $V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}$. A further reduction of the collector-emitter voltage results in a rapid increase of the distortion of the signal.

Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 15 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f_T \text{ typ. } 90 \text{ MHz}$ Feedback capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$ $C_{re} < 3, 5 \text{ pF}$ Output capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$ $C_{oe} < 4, 5 \text{ pF}$







SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

N-P-N transistors in plastic envelope intended for class-B video output stages in television receivers and for high-voltage i.f. output stages.

P-N-P complements are BF470 and BF472 respectively.

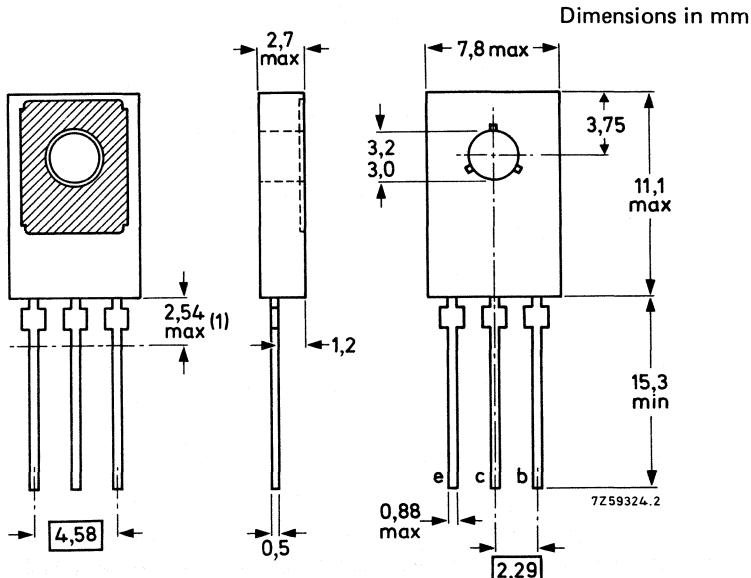
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BF469	BF471
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max. 250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage open base $R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega$	V_{CEO}	max. 250	— V
V_{CER}	max. —	300 V	
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max. 100	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} \leq 114^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max. 1,8	W
Junction temperature	T_j	max. 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
D.C. current gain $I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	>	50
Transition frequency $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	f_T	>	60 MHz
Feedback capacitance at $f = 0,5 \text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	<	1,8 pF

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-126 (SOT-32).

Collector connected
to mounting base



See also chapters Mounting instructions and Accessories.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

			BF469	BF471
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage $R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega$ open base	V_{CER} V_{CEO}	max. max.	— 250	300 V — V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	5	V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	50	mA
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	100	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 114 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ *	P_{tot}	max.	1,8	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		—65 to + 150 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
THERMAL RESISTANCE				
From junction to mounting base	$R_{th j-mb}$	=	20	K/W
From junction to ambient in free air *	$R_{th j-a}$	=	100	K/W

* Transistor mounted on a printed-circuit board, maximum lead length 4 mm, mounting pad for collector lead minimum 10 mm x 10 mm.

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current

 $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 200 \text{ V}$
 $R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega; V_{CE} = 200 \text{ V}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
 $|I_{CBO}| < 10 \text{ nA}$
 $|I_{CER}| < 10 \mu\text{A}$

Emitter cut-off current

 $I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}$ $|I_{EBO}| < 10 \mu\text{A}$

D.C. current gain

 $|I_C| = 25 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $h_{FE} > 50$ High-frequency knee voltage at $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}^*$ $|I_C| = 25 \text{ mA}$ $|V_{CEK}| \text{ typ. } 20 \text{ V}$

Transistor frequency

 $|I_C| = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f_T > 60 \text{ MHz}$ Feedback capacitance at $f = 0,5 \text{ MHz}$ $|I_E| = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$ $C_{re} < 1,8 \text{ pF}$

* The high-frequency knee voltage of a transistor is that value of the collector-emitter voltage at which the small-signal gain, measured in a practical circuit, has dropped to 80% of the gain at $V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}$. A further reduction of the collector-emitter voltage results in a rapid increase of the distortion of the signal.

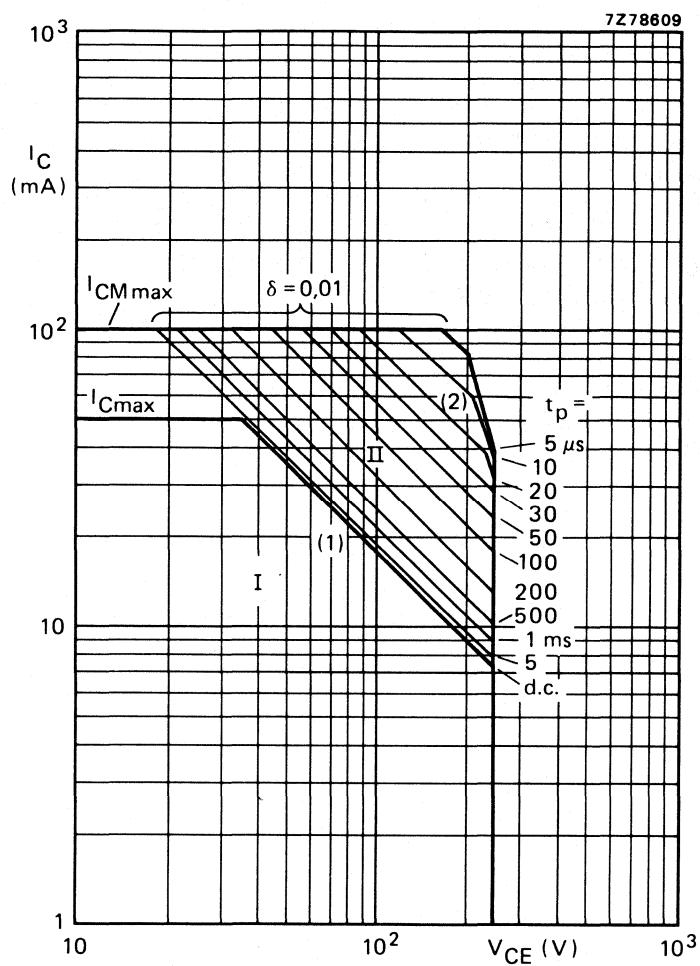


Fig. 2 Safe Operating ARea at $T_{mb} = 114$ °C.

- I Region of permissible d.c. operation.
- II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
- (1) $P_{tot\ max}$ and $P_{peak\ max}$ lines.
- (2) Second breakdown limits (independent of temperature).

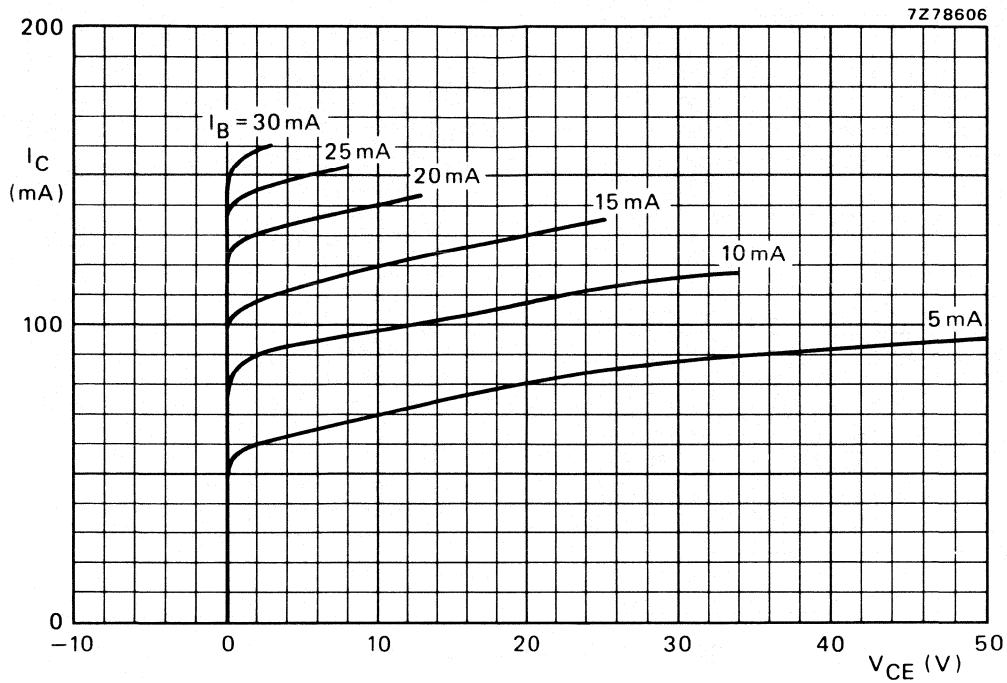
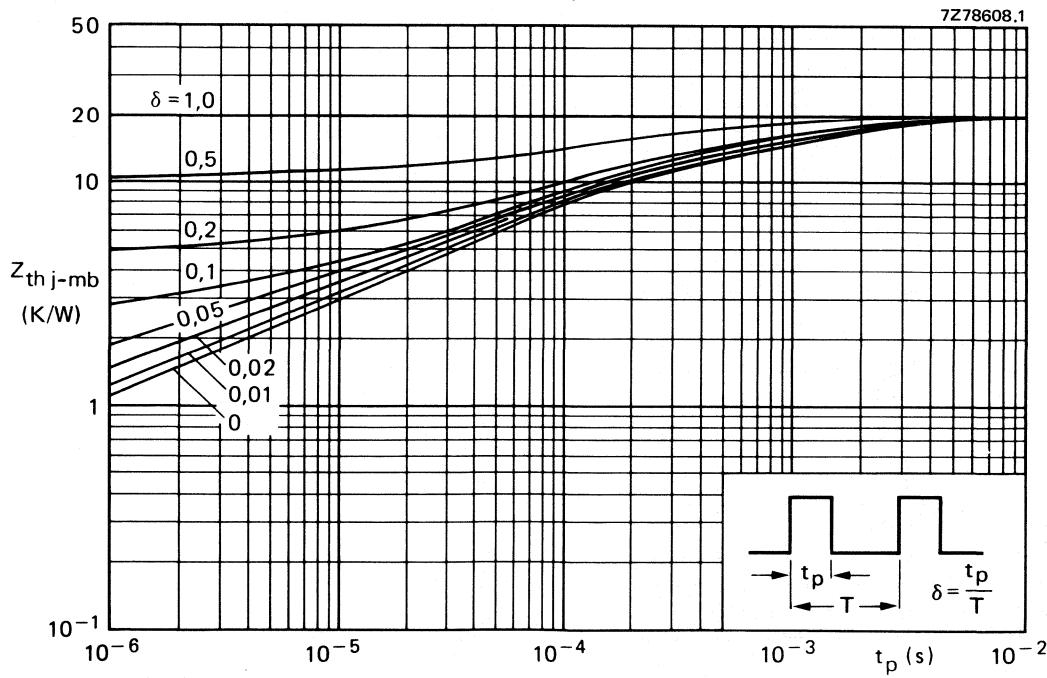
Fig. 3 $T_j = 25$ °C.

Fig. 4.

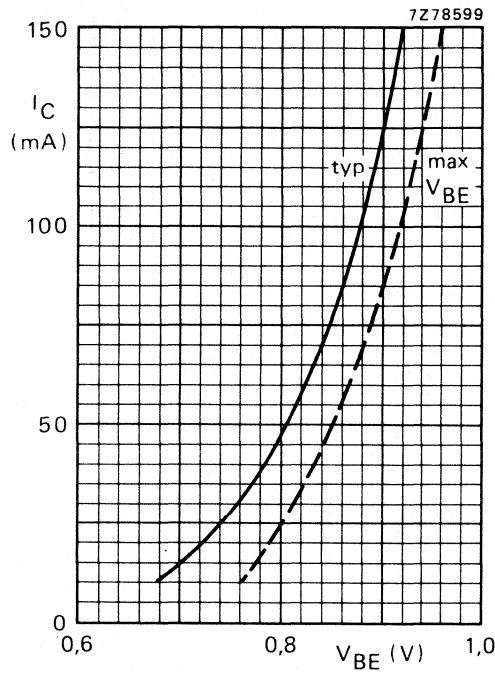


Fig. 5 $V_{CE} = 20$ V; $T_j = 25$ °C.

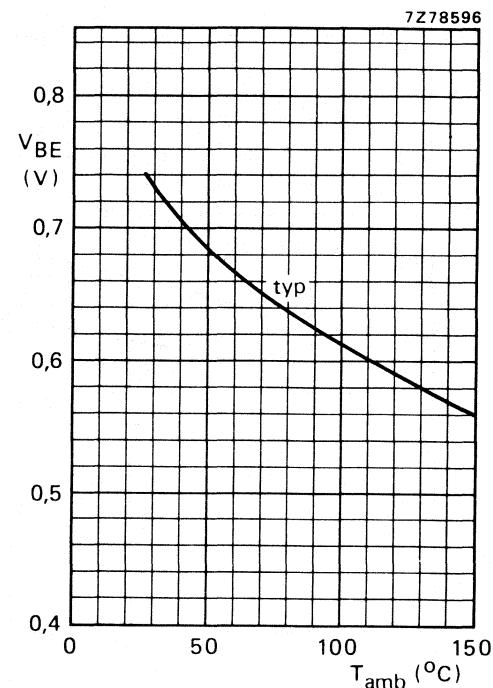


Fig. 6 $I_C = 25$ mA; $V_{CE} = 20$ V.

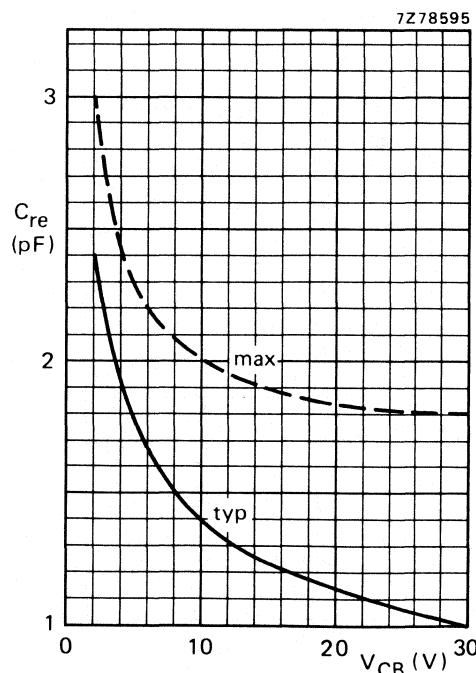
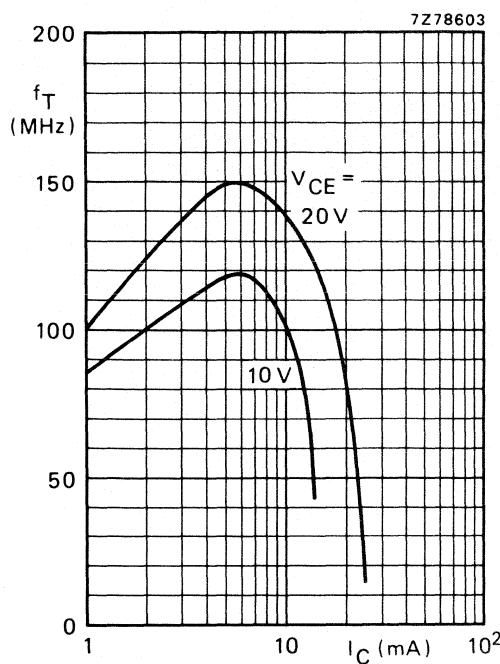
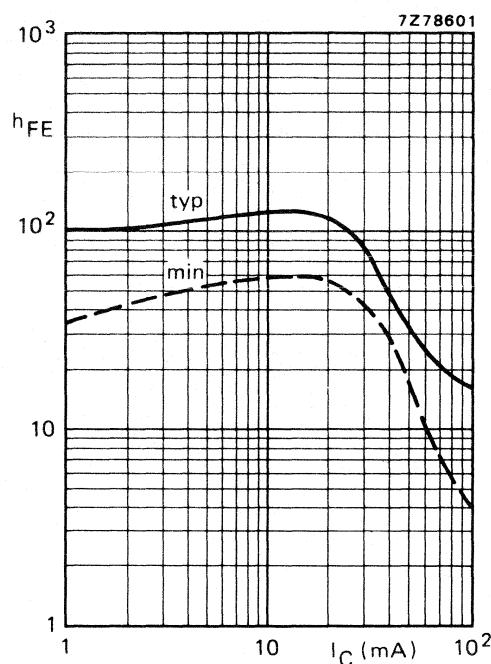
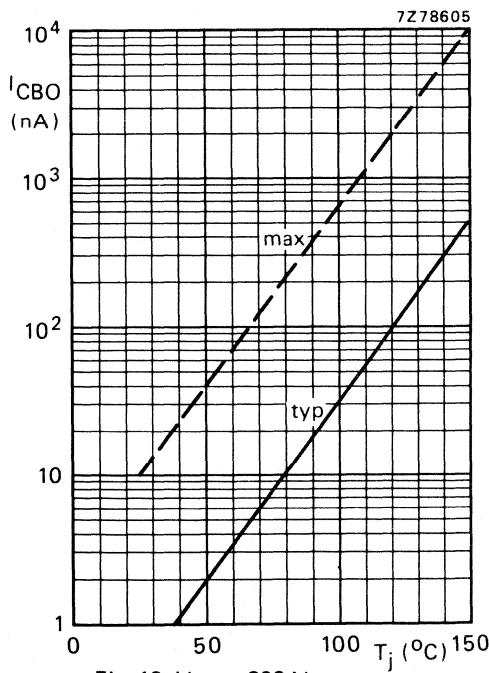


Fig. 7 $I_E = 0$; $f = 1$ MHz; $T_j = 25$ °C.

Fig. 8 $f_M = 35\text{ MHz}$; $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$.Fig. 9 $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$.Fig. 10 $V_{CB} = 200\text{ V}$.

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

P-N-P transistors in a plastic envelope intended for class-B video output stages in television receivers and for high-voltage i.f. output stages.

N-P-N complements are BF469 and BF471 respectively.

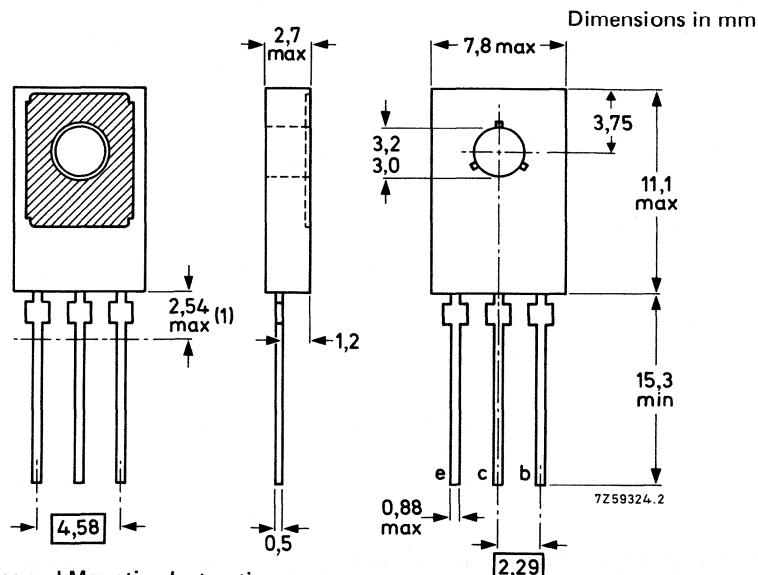
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BF470	BF472
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	-V _{CBO}	max. 250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage open base	-V _{CEO}	max. 250	- V
R _{BE} = 2,7 kΩ	-V _{CER}	max. -	300 V
Collector current (peak value)	-I _{CM}	max. 100	mA
Total power dissipation up to T _{mb} = 114 °C	P _{tot}	max. 1,8	W
Junction temperature	T _j	max. 150	°C
D.C. current gain -I _C = 25 mA; -V _{CE} = 20 V	h _{FE}	>	50
Transition frequency -I _C = 10 mA; -V _{CE} = 10 V	f _T	>	60 MHz
Feedback capacitance at f = 0,5 MHz I _E = 0; -V _{CB} = 30 V	C _{re}	<	1,8 pF

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-126 (SOT-32).

Collector connected
to mounting base.



See also chapters Accessories and Mounting Instructions.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

		BF470	BF472
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$-V_{CBO}$	max. 250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage $R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega$ open base	$-V_{CER}$ $-V_{CEO}$	max. — max. 250	300 V — V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	$-V_{EBO}$	max. 5	V
Collector current (d.c.)	$-I_C$	max. 50	mA
Collector current (peak value)	$-I_{CM}$	max. 100	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 114 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ *	P_{tot}	max. 1,8	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	—65 to + 150 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Junction temperature	T_j	max. 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
THERMAL RESISTANCE			
From junction to mounting base	$R_{th j-mb}$	= 20	K/W
From junction to ambient in free air *	$R_{th j-a}$	= 100	K/W

* Transistor mounted on a printed-circuit board, maximum lead length 4 mm; mounting pad for collector lead minimum 10 mm x 10 mm.

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current

 $I_E = 0; -V_{CB} = 200 \text{ V}$
 $R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega; -V_{CE} = 200 \text{ V}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
 $-I_{CBO} < 10 \text{ nA}$
 $-I_{CER} < 10 \mu\text{A}$

Emitter cut-off current

 $I_C = 0; -V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}$
 $-I_{EBO} < 10 \mu\text{A}$

D.C. current gain

 $-I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$
 $h_{FE} > 50$
High-frequency knee voltage at $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}^*$
 $-I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$
 $-V_{CEK} \text{ typ. } 20 \text{ V}$

Transition frequency

 $-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $f_T > 60 \text{ MHz}$
Feedback capacitance at $f = 0,5 \text{ MHz}$
 $I_E = 0; -V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
 $C_{re} < 1,8 \text{ pF}$

* The high-frequency knee voltage of a transistor is that value of the collector-emitter voltage at which the small-signal gain, measured in a practical circuit, has dropped to 80% of the gain at $-V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}$. A further reduction of the collector-emitter voltage results in a rapid increase of the distortion of the signal.

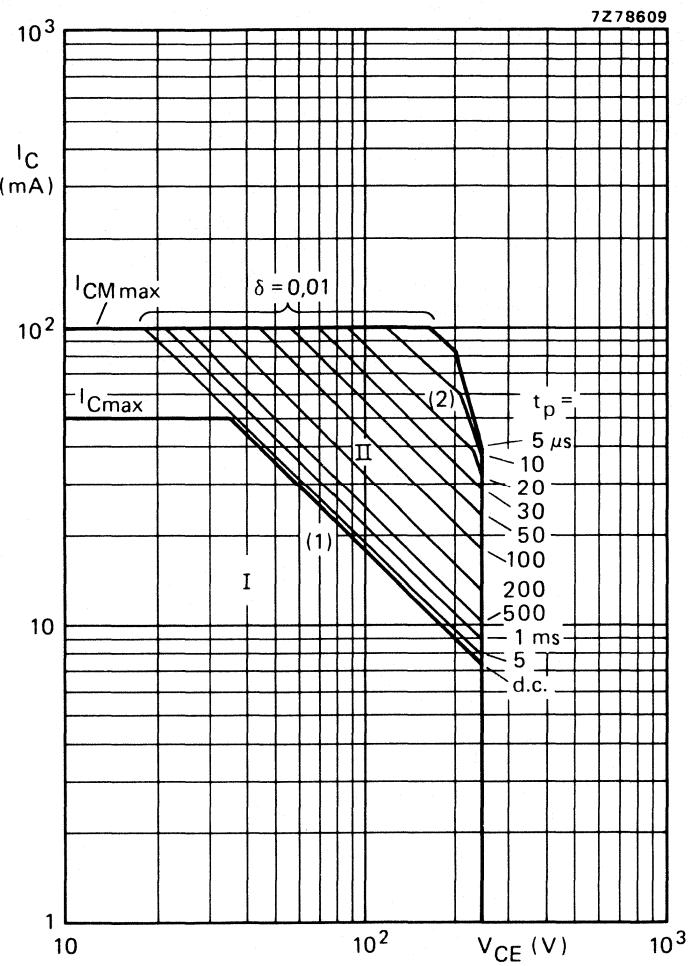


Fig. 2 Safe Operating ARea at $T_{mb} = 114 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$.

- I Region of permissible d.c. operation.
- II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
- (1) $P_{tot max}$ and $P_{tot peak max}$ lines.
- (2) Second breakdown limits (independent of temperature).

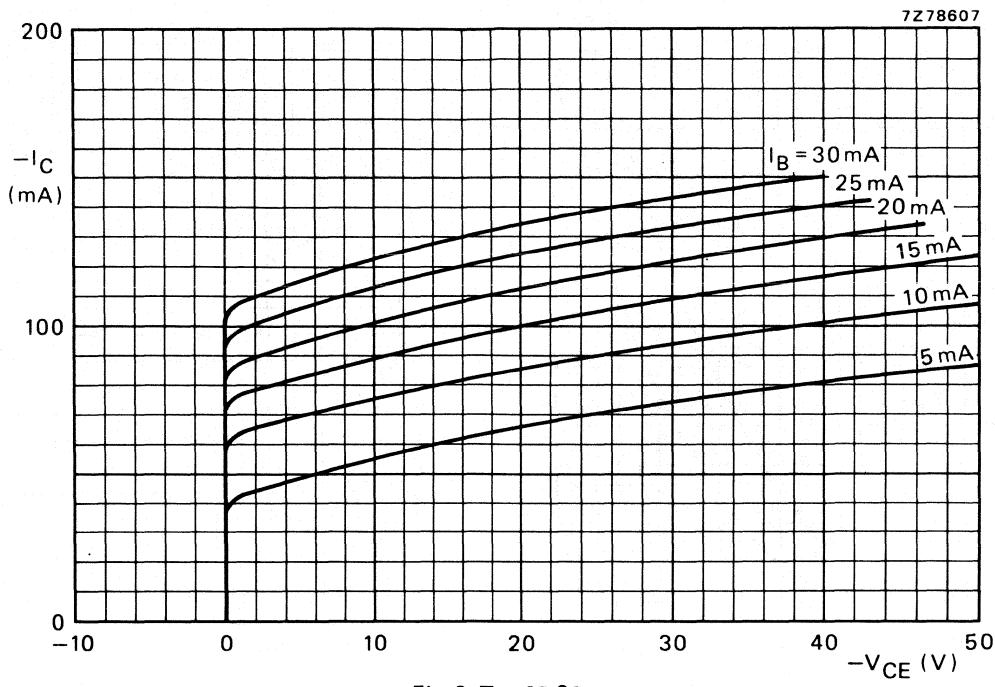
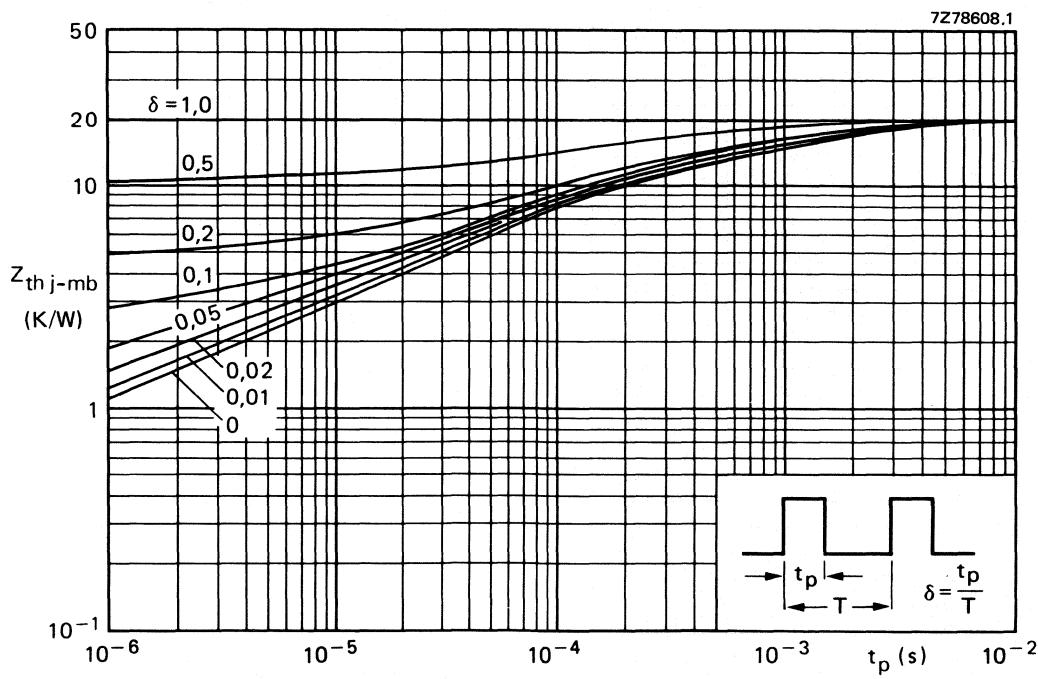
Fig. 3 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 

Fig. 4.

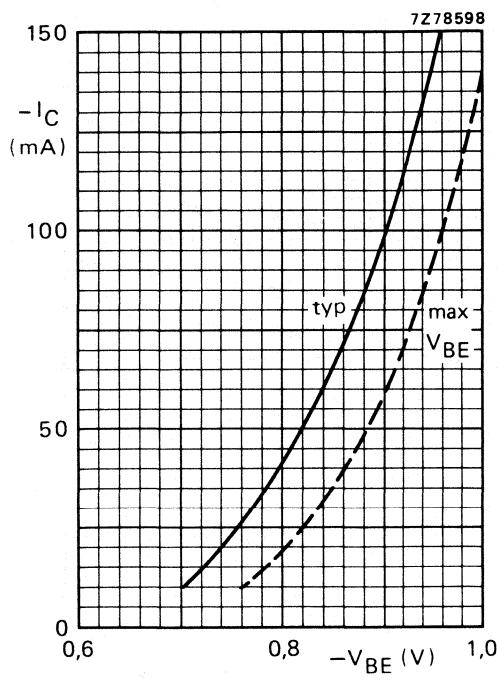


Fig. 5 $-V_{CE} = 20$ V; $T_j = 25$ °C.

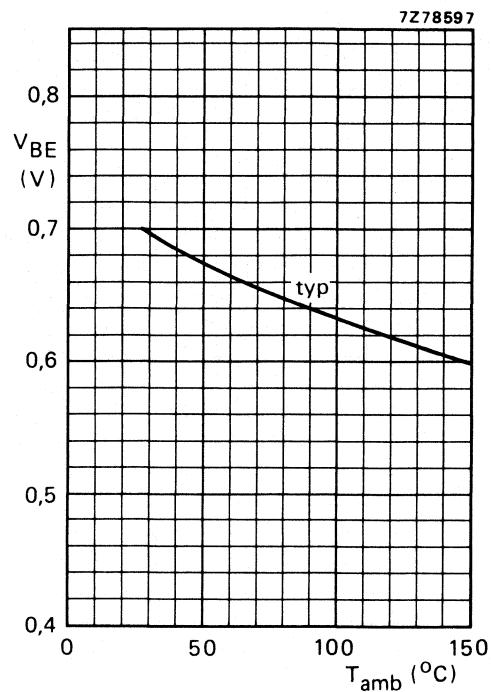


Fig. 6 $-V_{CE} = 20$ V; $-I_C = 25$ mA.

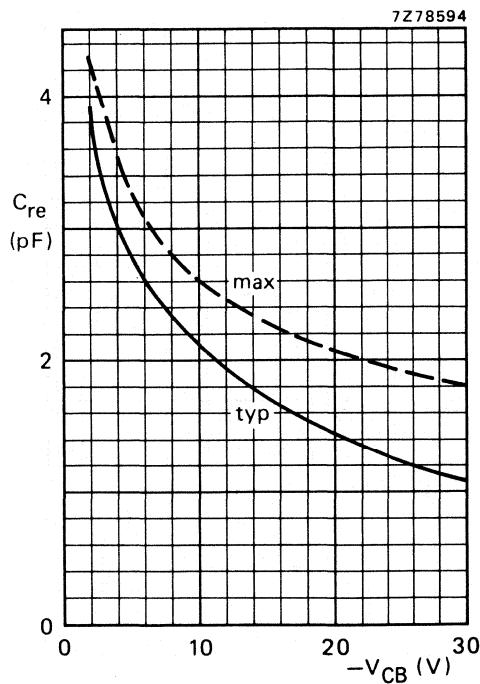
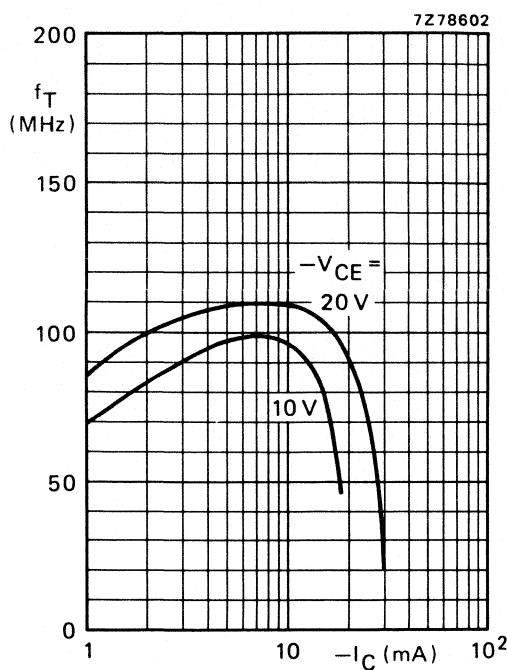
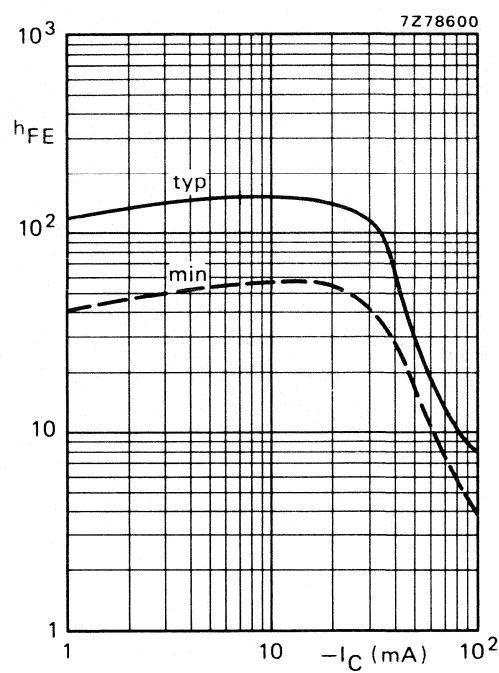
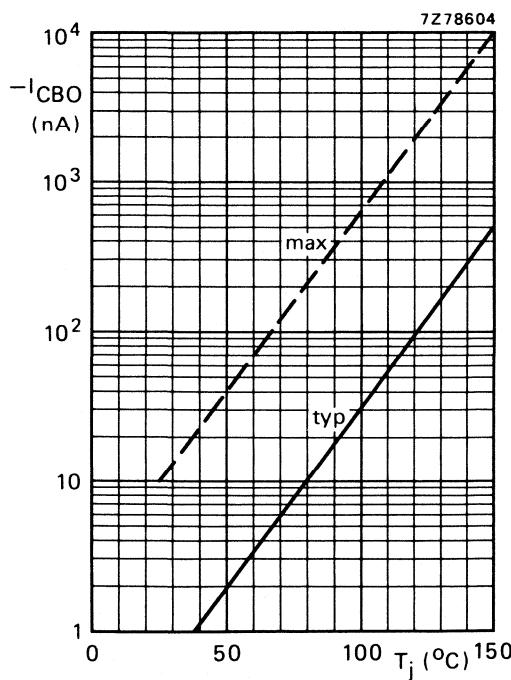


Fig. 7 $I_E = 0$; $f = 1$ MHz; $T_j = 25$ °C.

Fig. 8 $f_M = 35$ MHz; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.Fig. 9 $-V_{CE} = 20$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.Fig. 10 $-V_{CB} = 200$ V.

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

N-P-N transistors in TO-202 plastic envelope, intended for use in video output stages in black-and-white and in colour television receivers.

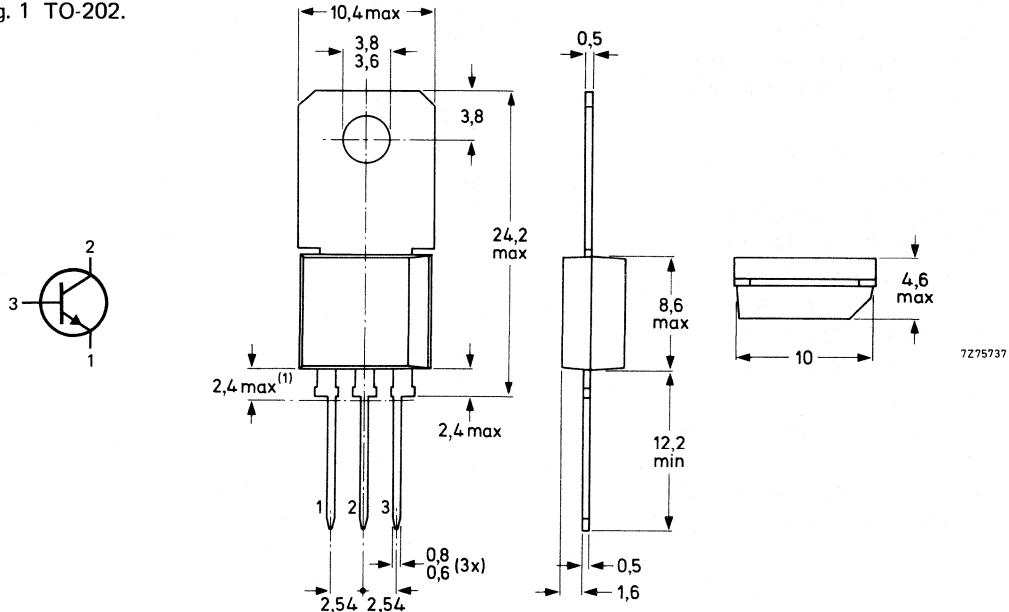
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BF583	BF585	BF587
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	300	350
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	250	300
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	100	mA
Total power dissipation (free air)	P_{tot}	max.	1,6	W
D.C. current gain $I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	min.	50	
Transition frequency $-I_E = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	f_T		70 to 110	MHz
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	°C

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-202.

Dimensions in mm



(1) Plastic flash allowed within this zone.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

			BF583	BF585	BF587	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	300	350	400	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	250	300	350	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.		5		V
Collector current						
d.c. peak value	I_C I_{CM}	max.		50 100		mA mA
Total power dissipation in free air up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.		1,6		W
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.		5,0		W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}			–65 to + 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_j	max.		150		$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient	$R_{th\ j-a}$	max.	78	K/W
From junction to mounting base	$R_{th\ j-mb}$	max.	25	K/W

CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 300\text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	\leqslant	20	nA
Collector-emitter cut-off current $V_{CE} = 250\text{ V}; R_{BE} = 2,7\text{ k}\Omega; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CER}	\leqslant	20	μA
Emitter cut-off current $I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5\text{ V}$	I_{EBO}	\leqslant	10	μA
High-frequency knee voltage $I_C = 25\text{ mA}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	V_{CEK}	=	20	V
D.C. current gain $I_C = 25\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$ $I_C = 40\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	\geqslant	50 20	
Transition frequency $-I_E = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$	f_T		70 to 110	MHz
Feedback capacitance at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$	C_{re}	\leqslant	1,8	pF
Collector capacitance at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$	C_c	\leqslant	2,5	pF

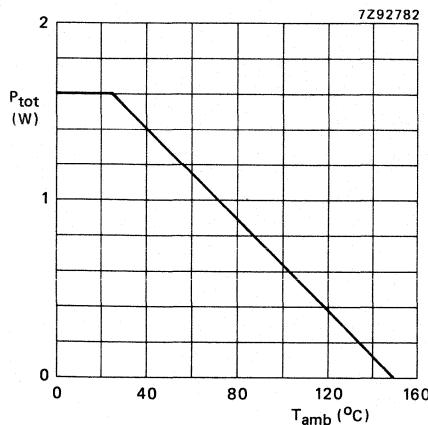


Fig. 2 Maximum permissible power dissipation.

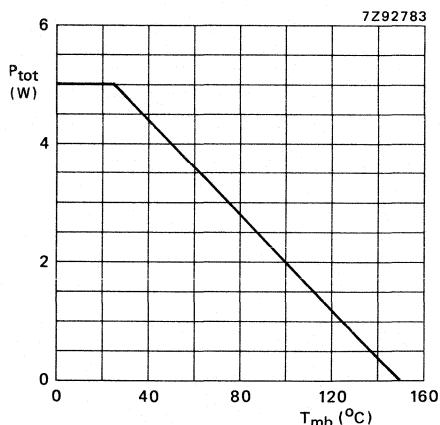
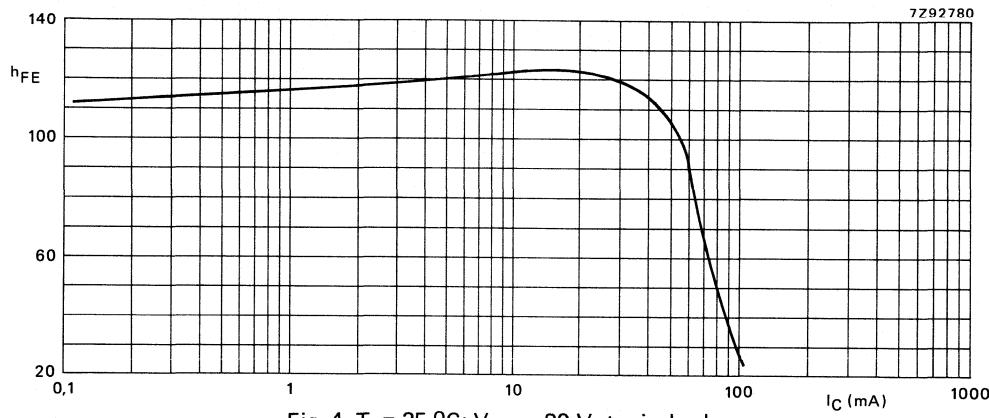
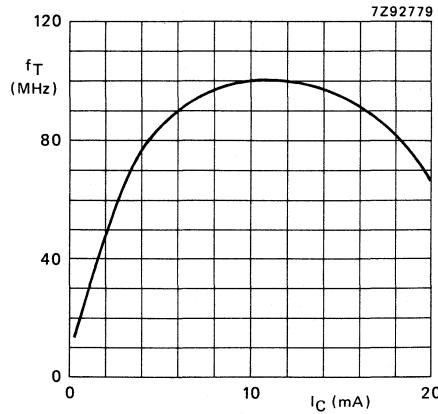
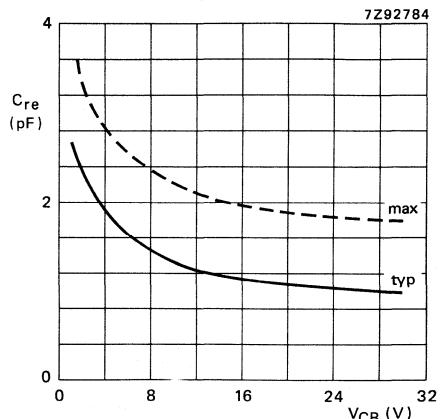


Fig. 3 Typical values.

Fig. 4 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$; typical values.Fig. 5 $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$; $f = 100\text{ MHz}$; typical values.Fig. 6 $I_E = 0$; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$.

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

PNP transistors in a TO-202 plastic envelope. Intended for use in video output stages of black and white and colour television receivers.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BF584	BF586	BF588	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	-V _{CBO}	max.	250	300	350 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	-V _{CEO}	max.	250	300	350 V
Collector current (peak value)	-I _{CM}	max.		100	mA
Total power dissipation (free air)	P _{tot}	max.		1.6	W
DC current gain -I _C = 25 mA; -V _{CE} = 20 V	h _{FE}	min.		50	
Transition frequency -I _C = 10 mA; -V _{CE} = 10 V	f _T		70 to 110		MHz
Junction temperature	T _j	max.	150		°C

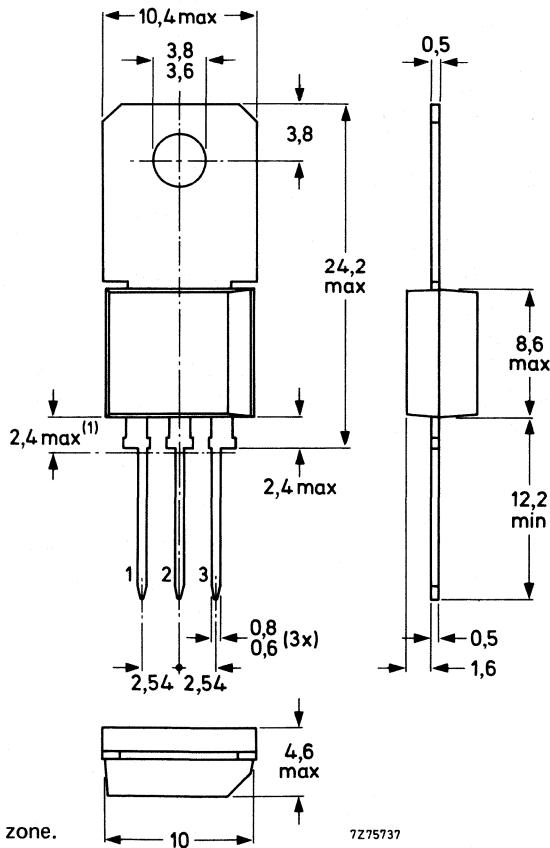
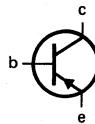
MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig.1 TO-202.

Pinning:

- 1 = Emitter
- 2 = Collector
- 3 = Base



Note

- Plastic flash allowed within this zone.

7275737

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

		BF584	BF586	BF588	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$-V_{CBO}$	max.	250	300	350 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$-V_{CEO}$	max.	250	300	350 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	$-V_{EBO}$	max.		5	V
Collector current					
DC	$-I_C$	max.		50	mA
peak value	$-I_{CM}$	max.		100	mA
Total power dissipation in free air up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$	P_{tot}	max.		1.6	W
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ C$	P_{tot}	max.		5.0	W
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}			-65 to 150	$^\circ C$
Junction temperature	T_j	max.		150	$^\circ C$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient	$R_{th\ j-a}$	max.	78	K/W
From junction to mounting base	$R_{th\ j-mb}$	max.	25	K/W

CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise stated

		BF584	BF586	BF588	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $-I_C = 2.5\text{ mA}; I_B = 0$	$-V_{(BR)CEO}$	min.	250	300	350 V
Collector-base breakdown voltage $-I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}; I_E = 0$	$-V_{(BR)CBO}$	min.	250	300	350 V
Collector cut-off current $I_E = 0; -V_{CB}=200\text{ V}$	$-I_{CBO}$	max.	20		nA
$I_E = 0; -V_{CB}=250\text{ V}$	$-I_{CBO}$	max.	20		nA
$I_E = 0; -V_{CB}=300\text{ V}$	$-I_{CBO}$	max.		20	nA
Emitter-base breakdown voltage $-I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}; I_C = 0$	$-V_{(BR)EBO}$	min.		5	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current $-V_{CE} = 200\text{ V}; R_{BE} = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega;$ $T_j = 150^\circ C$	$-I_{CER}$	max.		20	μA
Emitter cut-off current $I_C = 0; -V_{EB} = 5\text{ V}$	$-I_{EBO}$	max.		10	μA
High frequency knee voltage $-I_C = 25\text{ mA}; T_j = 150^\circ C$	$-V_{CEK}$	=		15	V

DC current gain

$-I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	min.	50	
$-I_C = 40 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	min.	20	

Collector-emitter saturation voltage

$-I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 2 \text{ mA}$	$-V_{CEsat}$	max.	0.5	V
---	--------------	------	-----	---

Base-emitter saturation voltage

$-I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 2 \text{ mA}$	$-V_{BEsat}$	max.	0.9	V
---	--------------	------	-----	---

Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$

$-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	f_T		70 to 110	MHz
--	-------	--	-----------	-----

Feedback capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

$I_E = 0; -V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	max.	2.2	pF
-----------------------------------	----------	------	-----	----

Output capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

$I_E = 0; -V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{ob}	max.	3.0	pF
-----------------------------------	----------	------	-----	----

SWITCHING TRANSISTORS FOR TELEPHONY APPLICATIONS

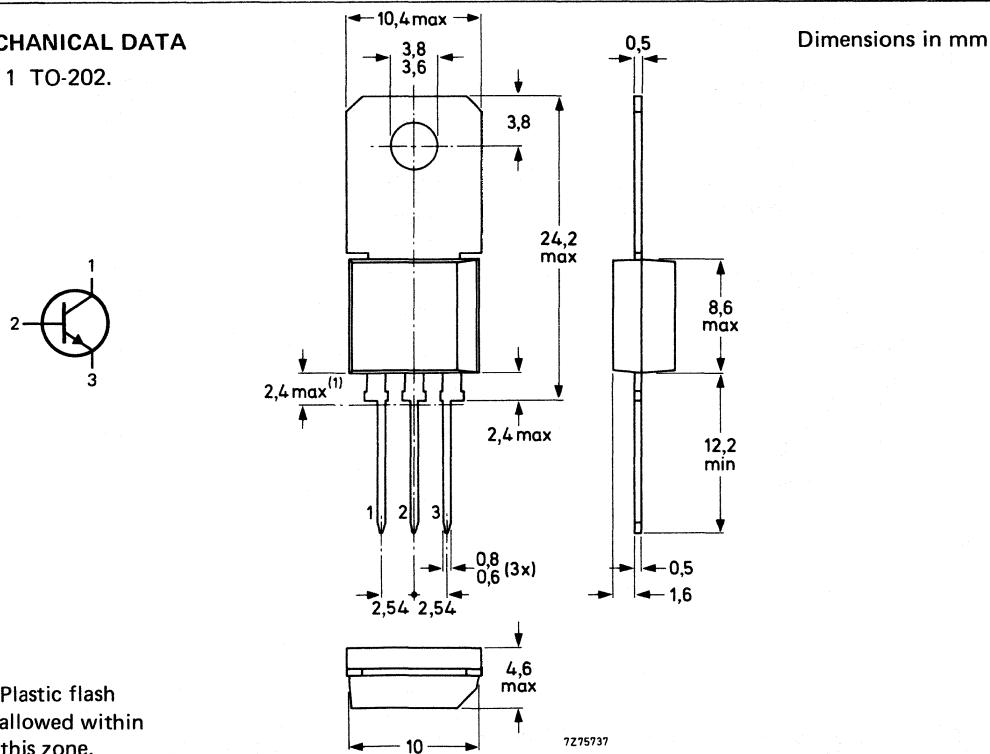
Silicon n-p-n transistors in a TO-202 outline, intended for use in PABX and similar telephone systems.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

			BF591	BF593
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	170	210 V
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	210	250 V
Collector current	I_C	max.	150	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 55^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	1,3	W
Current gain $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	$h_{FE} = h_{fe}$	min.	30	
$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V}$	$h_{FE}(h_{fe})$	min.	30(20)	
Output admittance at $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	h_{oe}	typ.	7	mS

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-202.



(1) Plastic flash
allowed within
this zone.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

		BF591	BF593
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max. 170	210 V
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max. 210	250 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max. 5	V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max. 150	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 55^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max. 1,3	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 to + 150 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Junction temperature	T_j	max. 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient in free air	$R_{th\ j-a}$	max.	73	K/W
--------------------------------------	---------------	------	----	-----

CHARACTERISTICS

		BF591	BF593
$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified			
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage open base; $I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{(BR)CEO} \geq$	170	210 V
Collector-base breakdown voltage open emitter; $I_C = 0,1$ mA	$V_{(BR)CBO} \geq$	210	250 V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage open collector; $I_E = 0,1$ mA	$V_{(BR)EBO} \geq$	5	V
Base-emitter voltage $I_C = 25$ mA; $V_{CE} = 5$ V	$V_{BE} \leq$	0,65	V
Collector cut-off current open emitter; $V_{CB} = 60$ V	$I_{CBO} <$	50	nA
$V_{BE} = 0$; $V_{CE} = 60$ V; $T_j = 140^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{CES} <$	1,0	μA
D.C. current gain*			
$I_C = 20$ mA; $V_{CE} = 5$ V	$h_{FE} \geq$	30	
$I_C = 100$ mA; $V_{CE} = 6$ V	$h_{FE} \geq$	30	
$I_C = 150$ mA; $V_{CE} = 7$ V	$h_{FE} \geq$	20	
Small-signal current gain			
$I_C = 20$ mA; $V_{CE} = 5$ V	$h_{fe} \geq$	30	
$I_C = 100$ mA; $V_{CE} = 6$ V	$h_{fe} \geq$	20	
Output admittance at $f = 1$ kHz			
$I_C = 100$ mA; $V_{CE} = 5$ V	h_{oe}	typ. 7	mS

* Measured under pulse conditions; $t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$; $\delta = 0,01$.

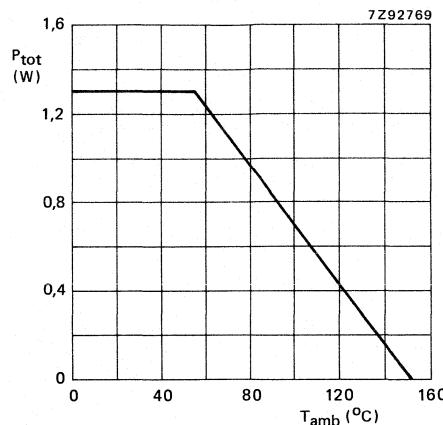
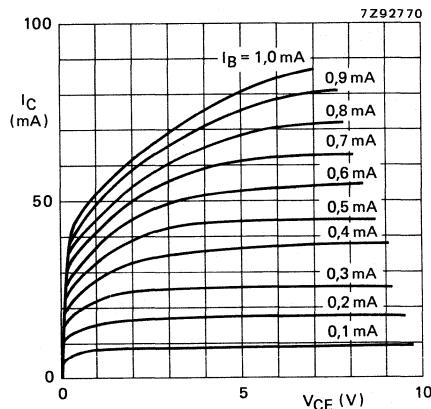
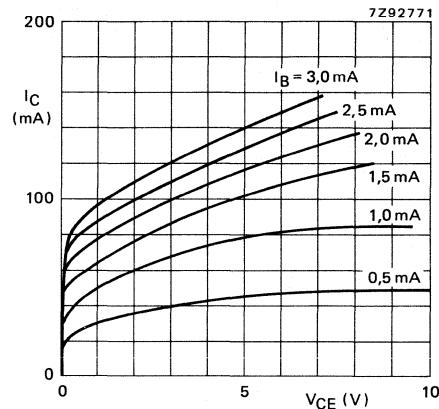
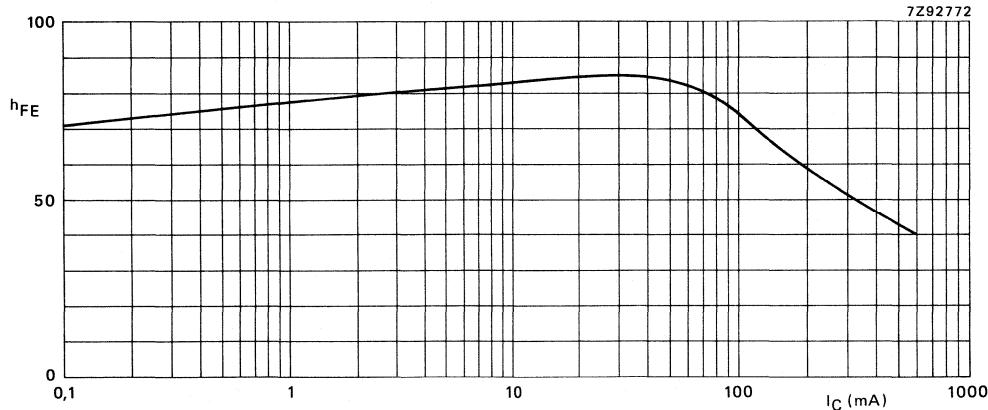


Fig. 2 Maximum permissible power dissipation.

Fig. 3 $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.Fig. 4 $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.Fig. 5 $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$; typical values.

SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTOR

N-P-N transistor in TO-202 plastic envelope intended for use as a driver for line output transistors in colour television receivers.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	300	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	250	V
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	300	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 75^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	6	W
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
D.C. current gain $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	typ.	45	
Storage time	t_s	typ.	0,5	μs

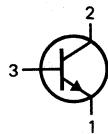
MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-202.

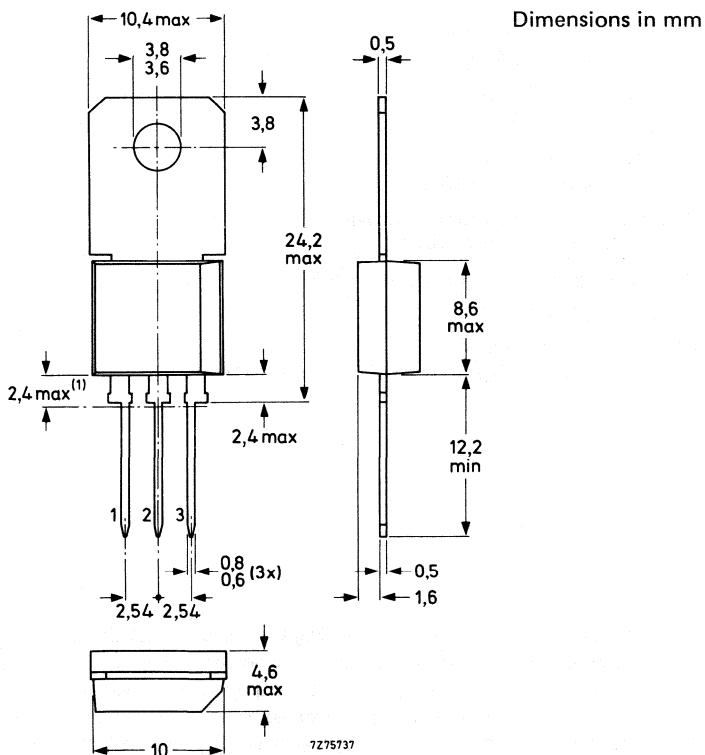
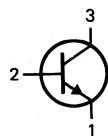
Collector connected to mounting base.

(1) Plastic flash allowed within this zone.

BF819



BF819A



BF819A is available on request. It has ebc pinning instead of ecb.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	250 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	5 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	100 mA
Collector current (peak value)*	I_{CM}	max.	300 mA
Base current (d.c.)	I_B	max.	50 mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 75^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	1,2 W
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 75^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	6 W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-	-65 to +150 °C
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 °C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient in free air	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=	62,5 K/W
From junction to mounting base	$R_{th\ j-mb}$	=	12,5 K/W

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Collector cut-off current $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 250 \text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	<	50 nA
Emitter cut-off current $I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}$	I_{EBO}	<	50 nA
D.C. current gain $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	typ.	45
Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 200 \text{ mA}; I_B = 20 \text{ mA}^{**}$	V_{CEsat}	<	11 V
Collector output capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{ob}	<	4,5 pF
Storage time (see Fig. 2) $I_{Con} = 100 \text{ mA}; I_{Bon} = 10 \text{ mA}; -I_{Boff} = 20 \text{ mA}$	t_s	\leqslant	1,4 μs

* Precautions should be taken during switch-on of the BF819 where an overshoot of current is likely to occur. The amplitude of the overshoot depends on the relative magnitude of stray external capacities to the transistor collector capacity. It is desirable to keep the stray capacities to a minimum by short lead lengths etc. so as to minimize the area of the switching path.

** The BF819 is controlled to V_{CEsat} max. 11,0 V and is thermally stable under all operating conditions where T_j max. of 150 °C is not exceeded. For the typical circuit shown in Fig. 2, a heatsink is not required for operation with $T_{amb} \leqslant 75^\circ\text{C}$.

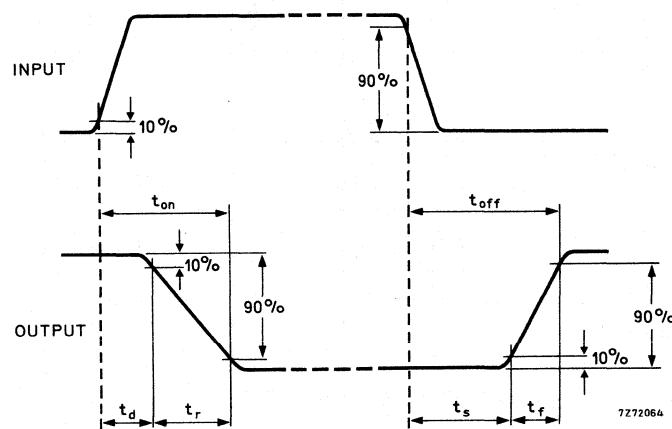
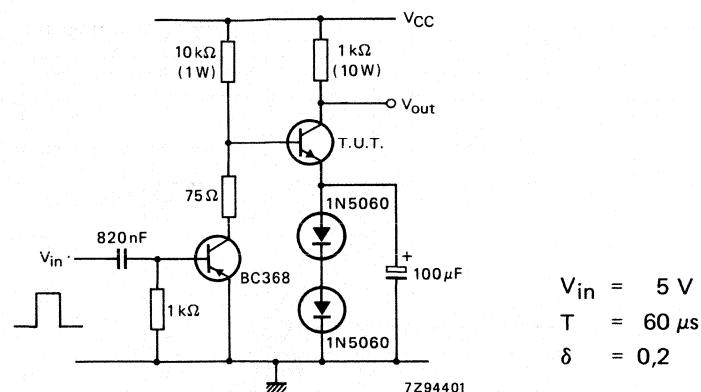


Fig. 2 Test circuit and switching waveforms.

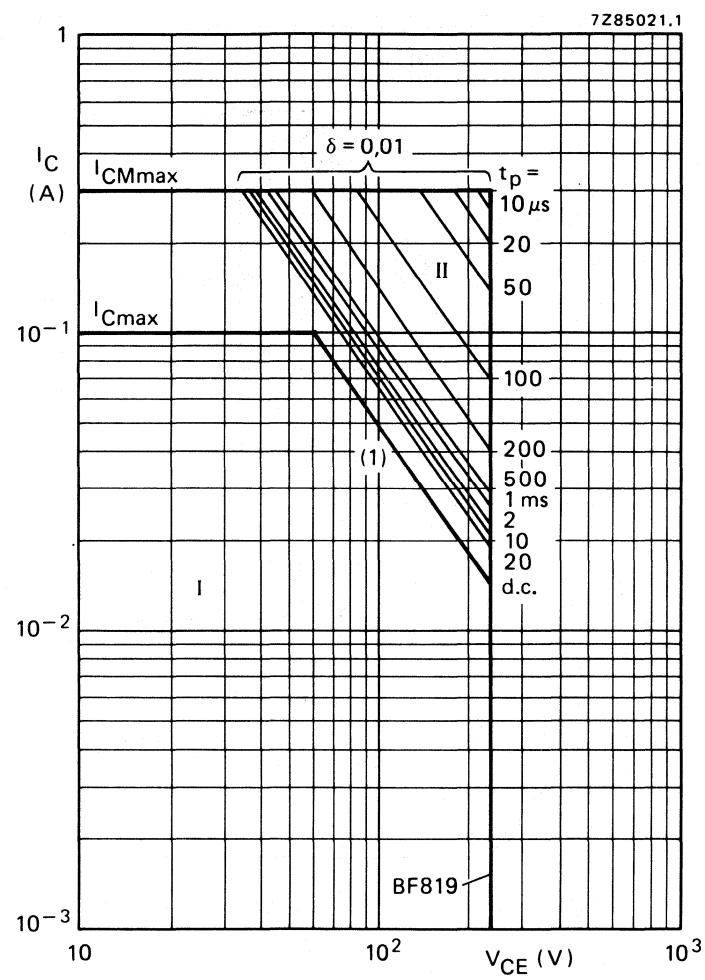


Fig. 3 Safe Operating ARea; $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

- I Region of permissible d.c. operation.
- II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
- (1) Second breakdown limits (independent of temperature).

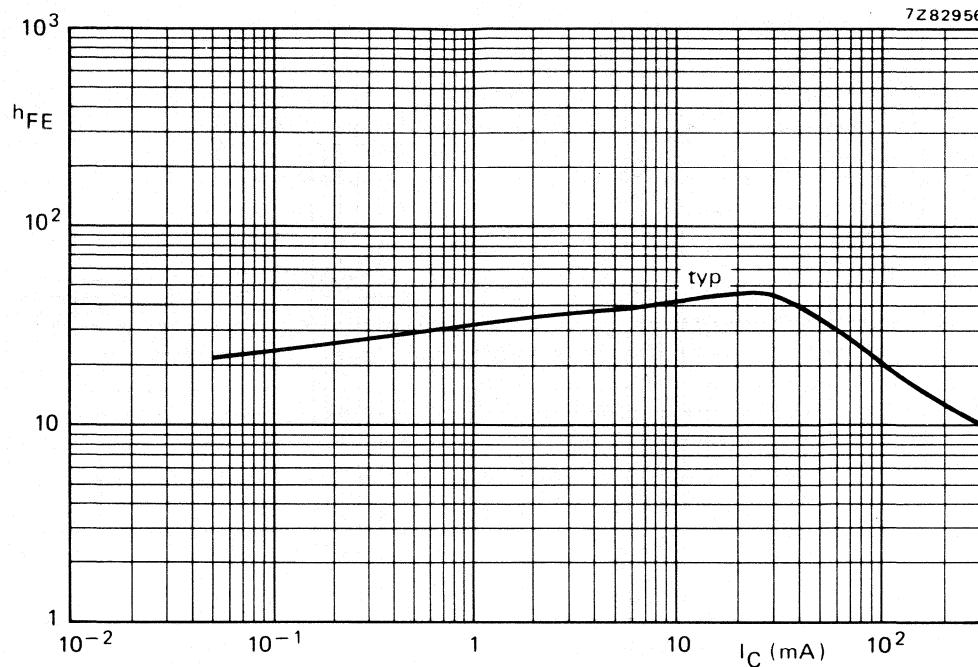
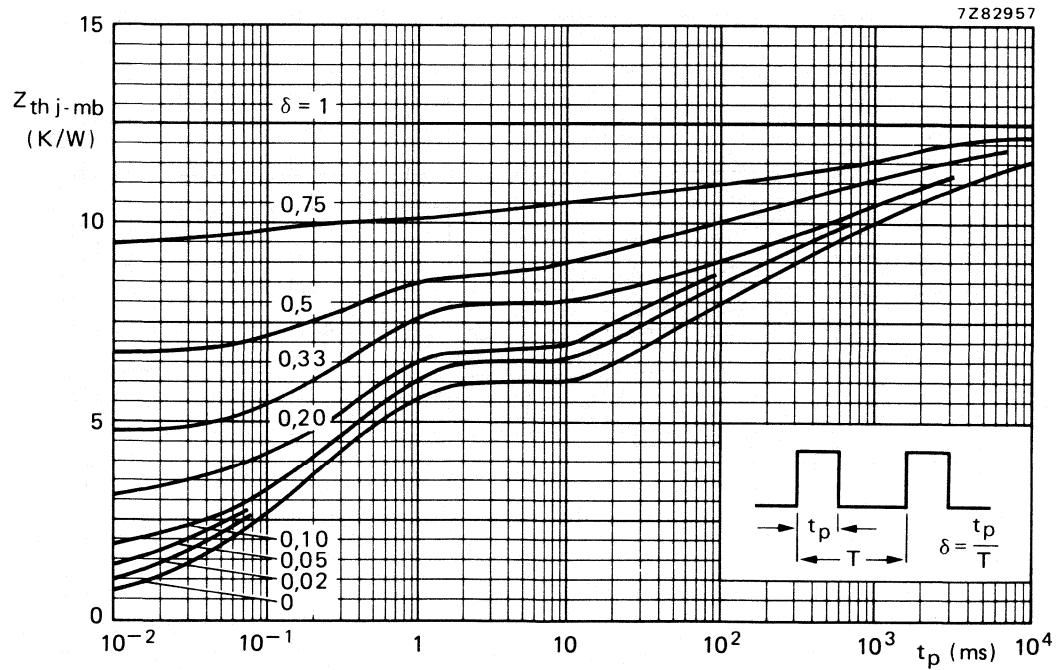
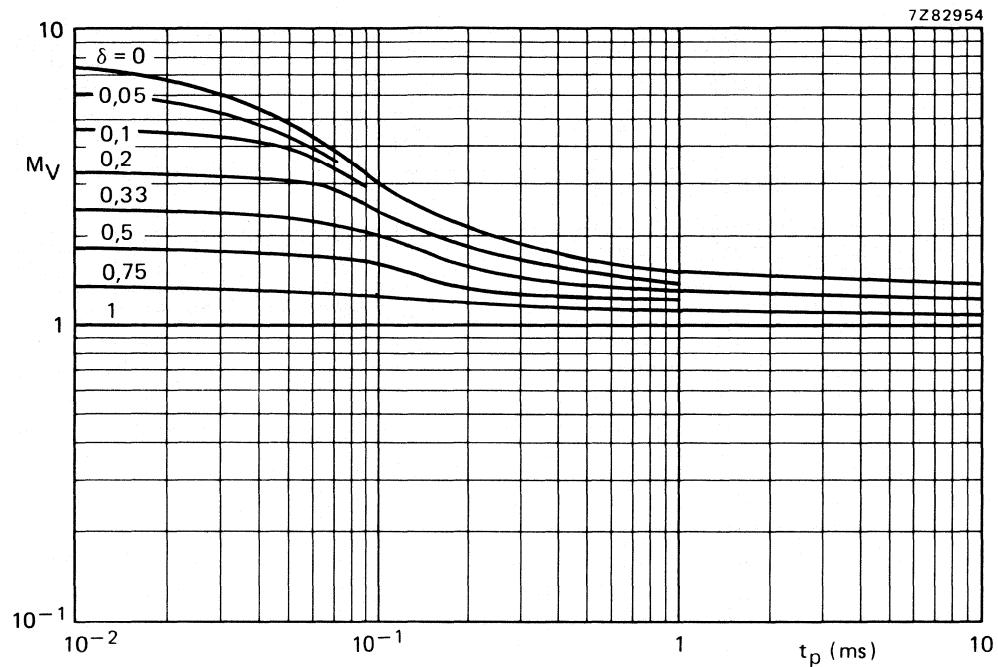
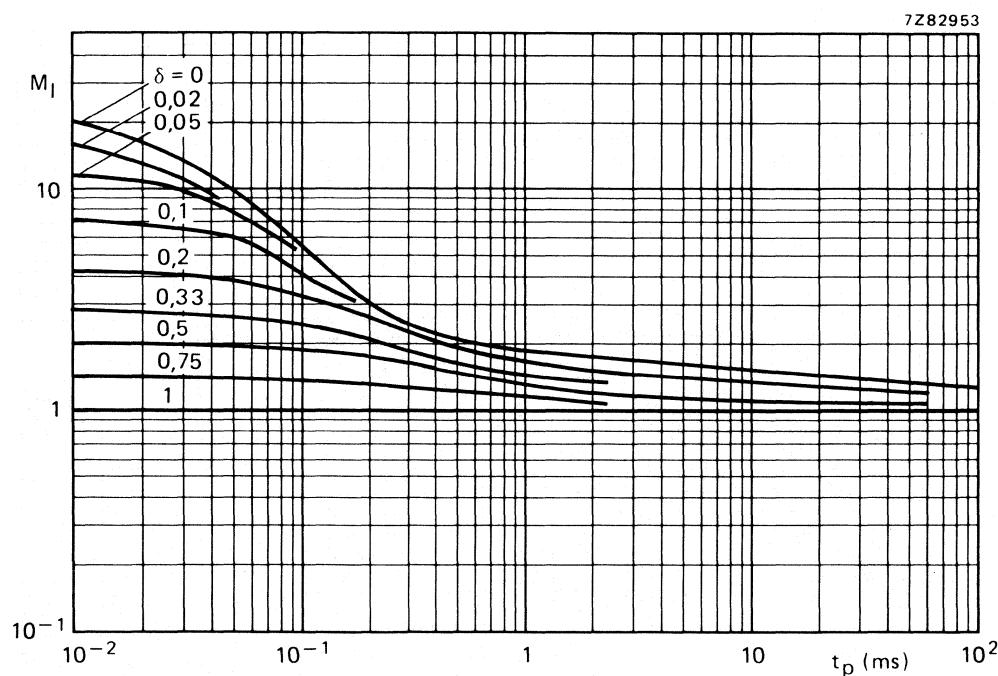
Fig. 4 D.C. current gain. $V_{CB} = 10$ V.

Fig. 5 Pulse power rating chart.

Fig. 6 S.B. voltage multiplying factor at the I_{Cmax} level.Fig. 7 S.B. current multiplying factor at the V_{CEOmax} level.

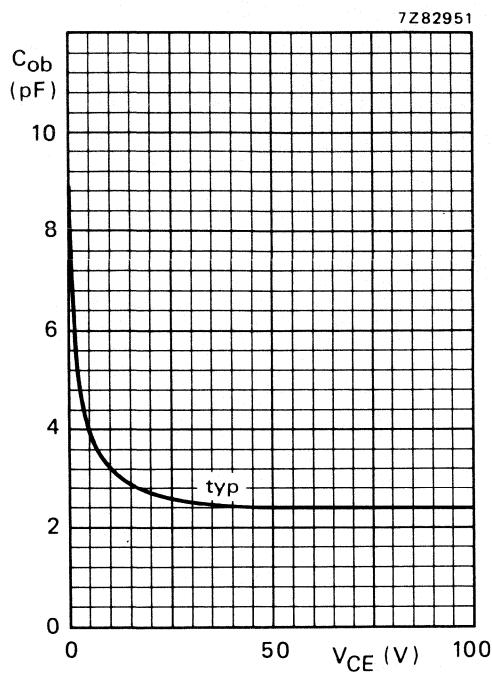


Fig. 8 Collector output capacitance
 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}; I_E = 0$.

SILICON PLANAR VIDEO OUTPUT TRANSISTORS

N-P-N transistors in TO-202 plastic envelopes intended for video output stages in black-and-white and in colour television receivers.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BF857	BF858	BF859
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V _{CBO}	max. 160	250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V _{CEO}	max. 160	250	300 V
Collector current (peak value)	I _{CM}	max. 300		mA
Total power dissipation up to T _{mb} = 75 °C	P _{tot}	max. 6		W
Junction temperature	T _j	max. 150		°C
D.C. current gain I _C = 30 mA; V _{CE} = 10 V	h _{FE}	>	26	
Transition frequency at f = 35 MHz I _C = 15 mA; V _{CE} = 10 V	f _T	typ. 90		MHz
Feedback capacitance at f = 1 MHz I _E = 0; V _{CB} = 30 V	C _{re}	< 3		pF

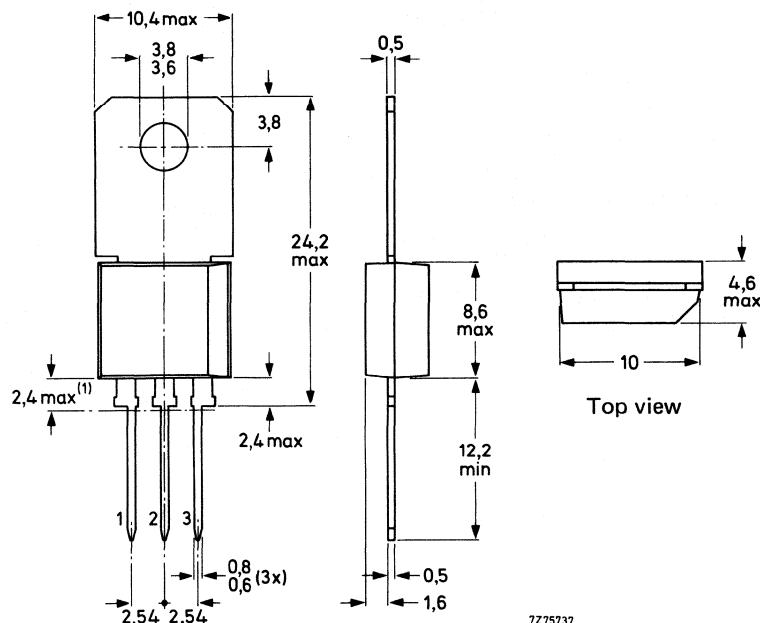
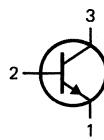
MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 TO-202.

Collector connected to mounting base.

(1) Plastic flash allowed within this zone.



7Z75737

An A-version is available on request. It has ebc pinning instead of ecb.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

		BF857	BF858	BF859
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max. 160	250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max. 160	250	300 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max. 5	5	5 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	100	mA
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	300	mA
Base current (d.c.)	I_B	max.	50	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	2	W
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 75^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	6	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-65 to + 150	°C
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

from junction to ambient in free air	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=	62,5	K/W
from junction to mounting base	$R_{th\ j-mb}$	=	12,5	K/W

CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current

$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 100 \text{ V}$ for BF857	I_{CBO}	<	0,1	μA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 200 \text{ V}$ for BF858	I_{CBO}	<	0,1	μA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 250 \text{ V}$ for BF859	I_{CBO}	<	0,1	μA

Emitter cut-off current

$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}$	I_{EBO}	<	100	μA
---------------------------------	-----------	---	-----	---------------

D.C. current gain

$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	>	26
--	----------	---	----

Collector-emitter saturation voltage

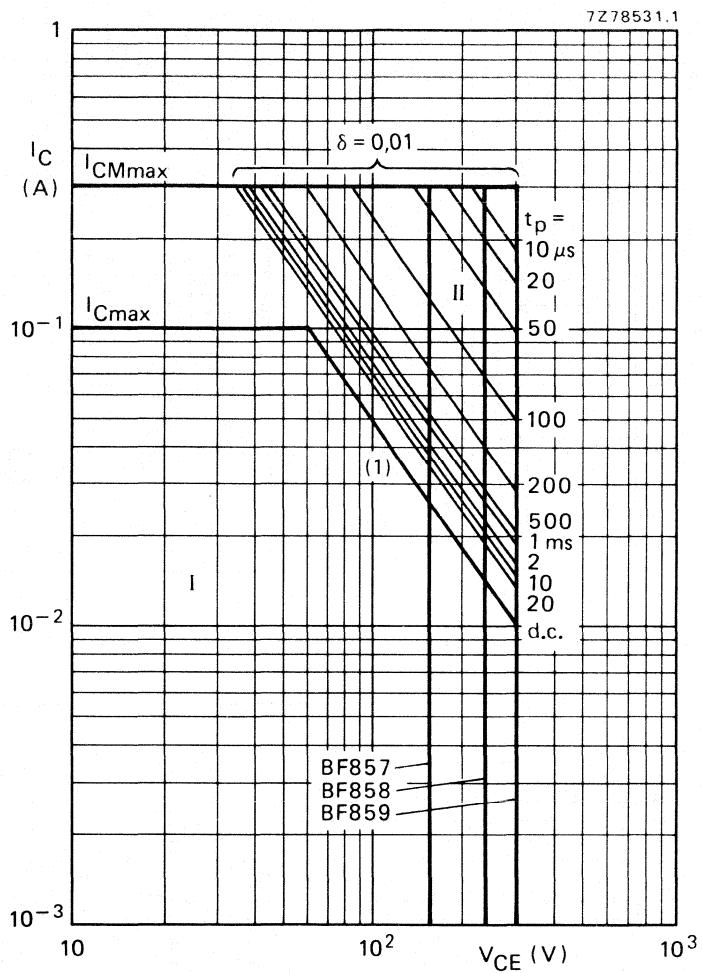
$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; I_B = 6 \text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	<	1	V
---	-------------	---	---	---

Transition frequency at $f = 35 \text{ MHz}$

$I_C = 15 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	f_T	typ.	90	MHz
--	-------	------	----	-----

Feedback capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	<	3	pF
----------------------------------	----------	---	---	----

Fig. 2 Safe Operating ARea; $T_{mb} = 75^\circ\text{C}$.

- I Region of permissible d.c. operation.
- II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
- (1) Second-breakdown limits (independent of temperature).

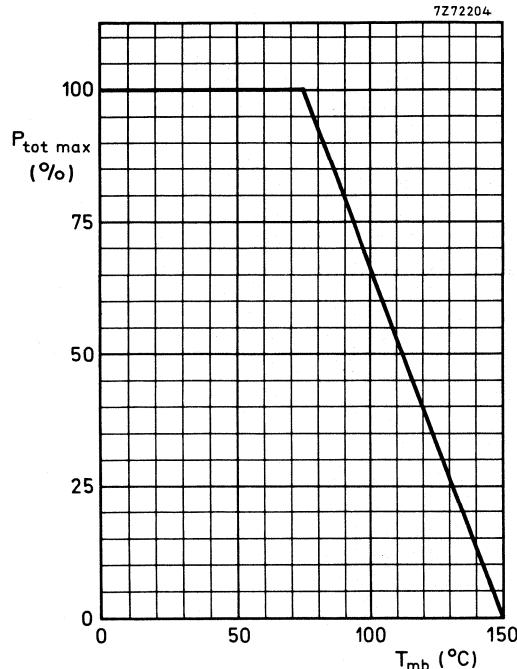


Fig. 3 Power derating curve.

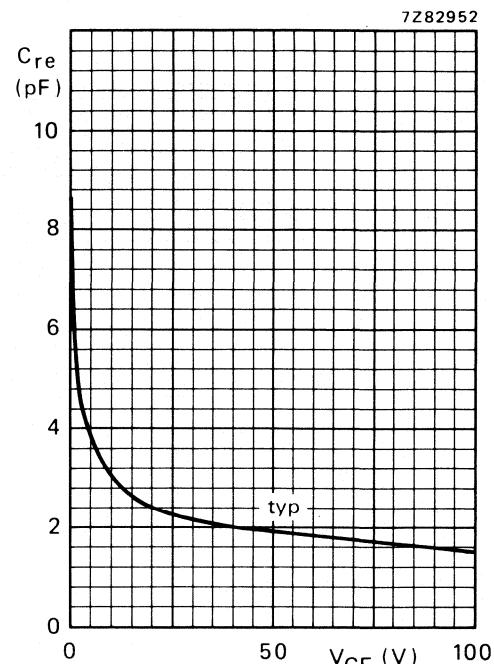


Fig. 4 Feedback capacitance $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$.

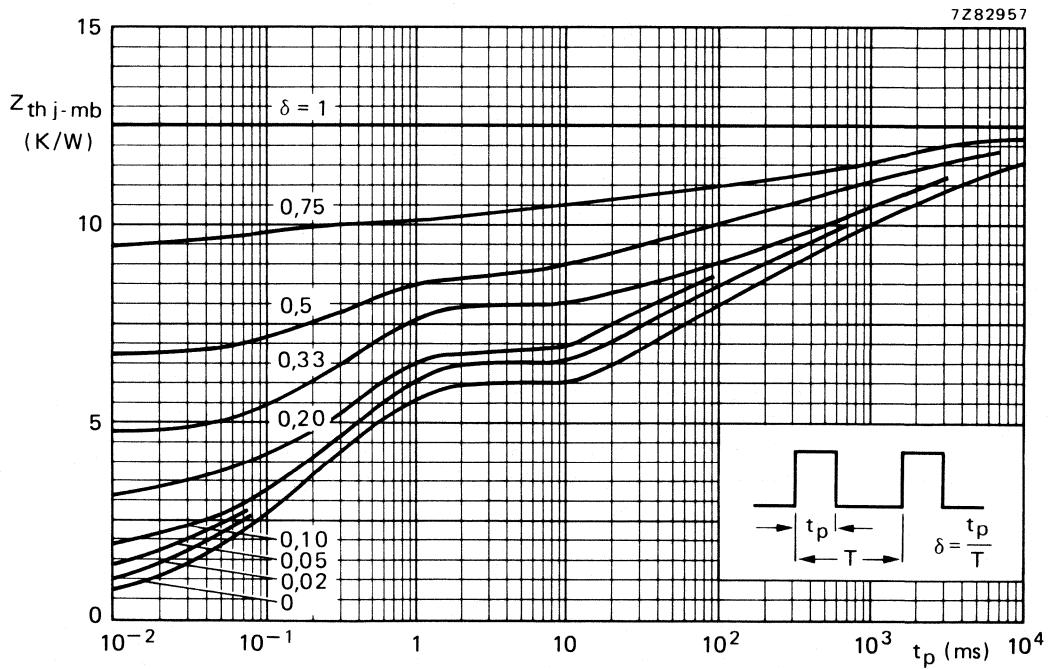
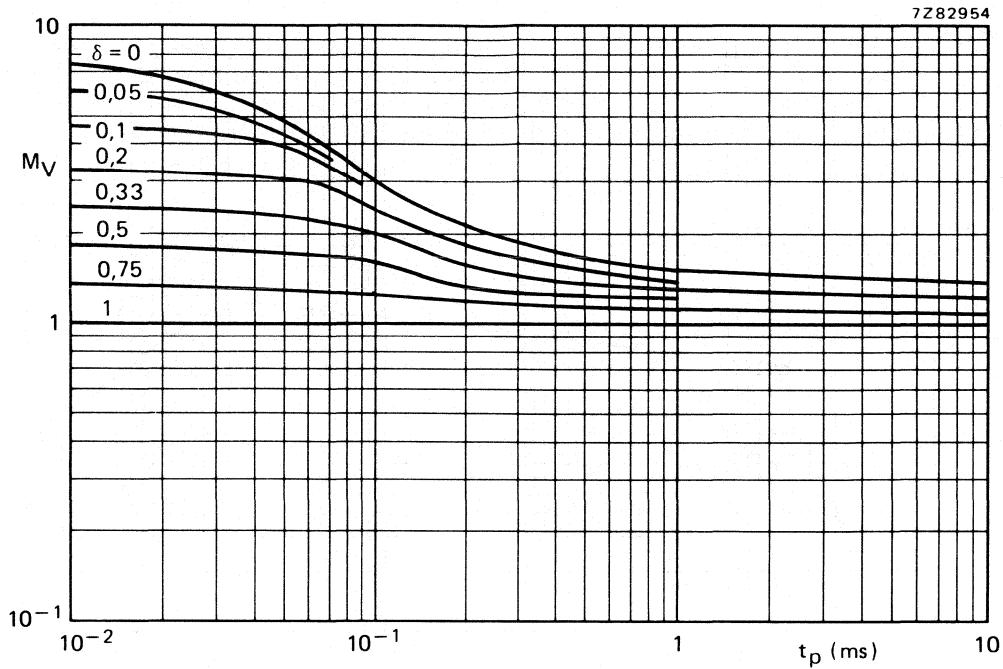
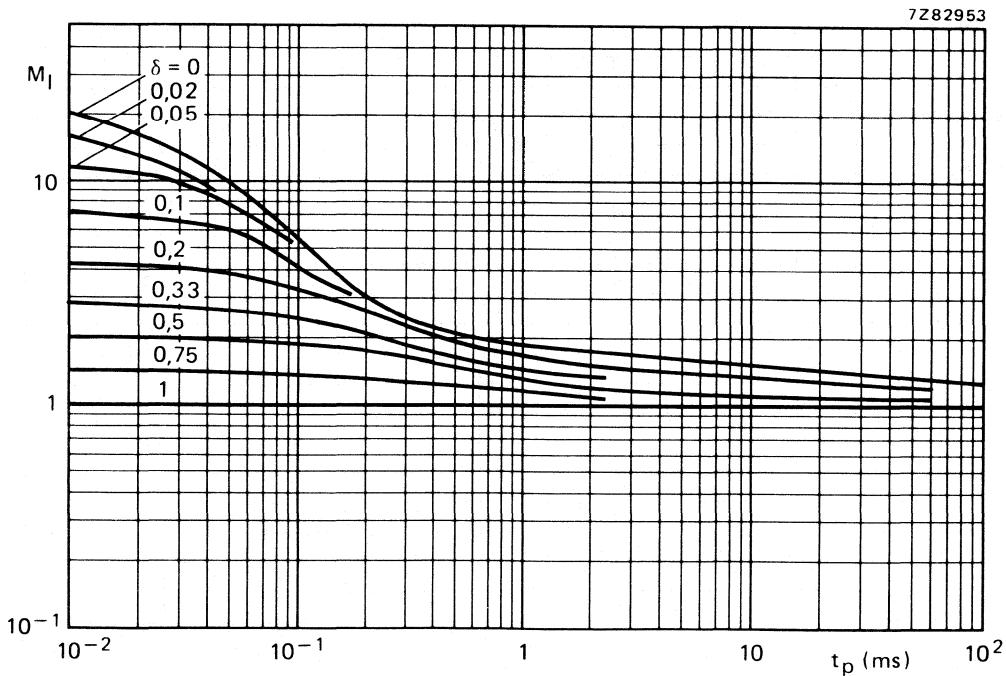


Fig. 5 Pulse power rating chart.

Fig. 6 S.B. voltage multiplying factor at the I_{Cmax} level.Fig. 7 S.B. current multiplying factor at the V_{CEmax} level.

BF857
BF858
BF859

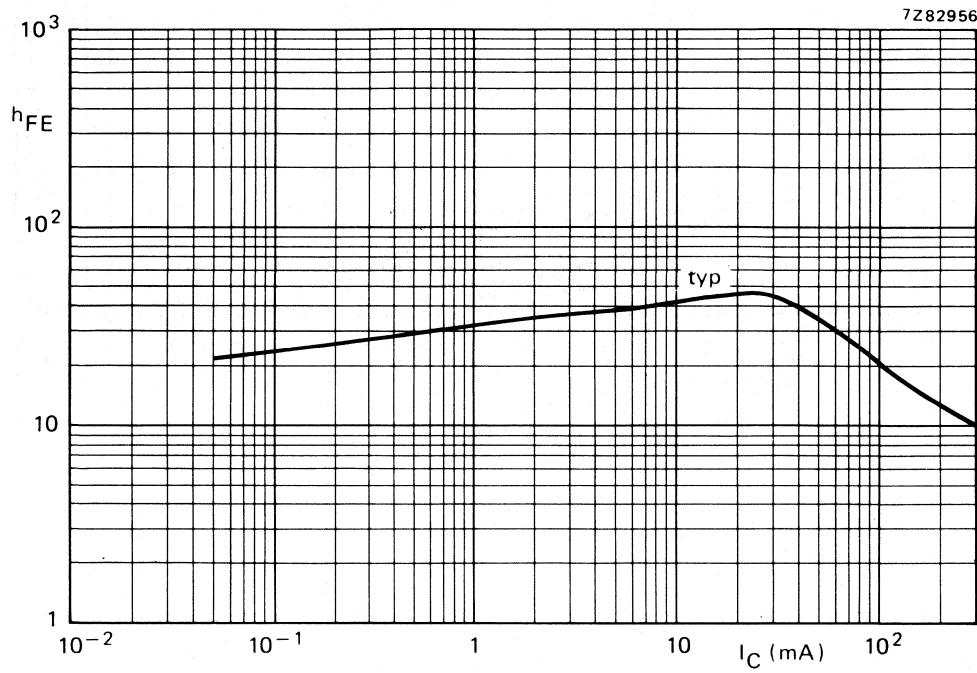


Fig. 8 D.C. current gain. $V_{CE} = 10$ V.

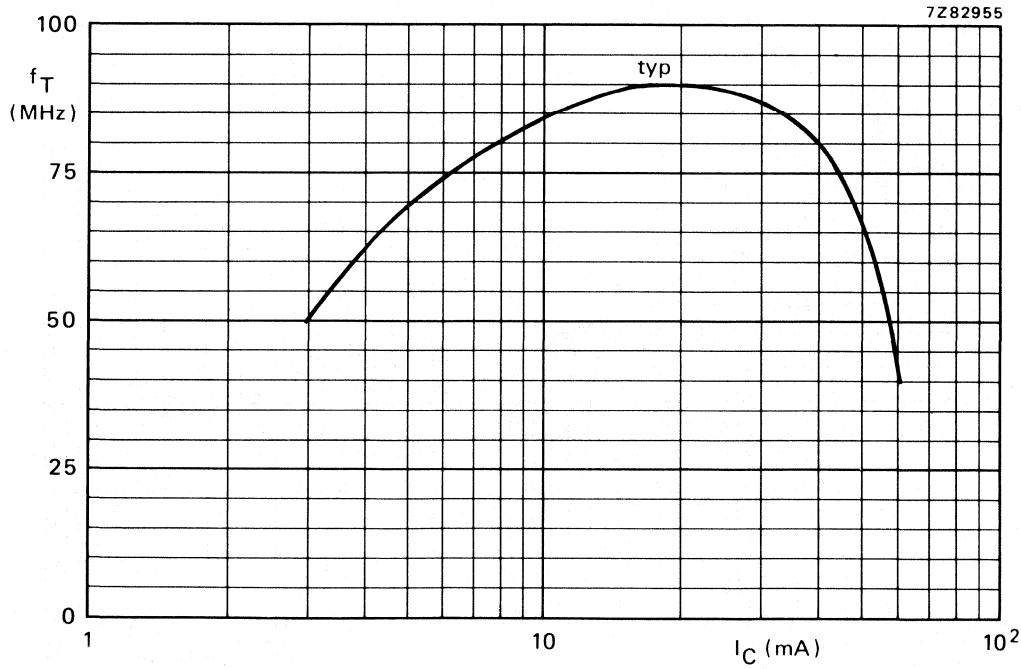


Fig. 9 Transition frequency. $V_{CE} = 10$ V; $f = 35$ MHz.

SILICON PLANAR VIDEO OUTPUT TRANSISTORS

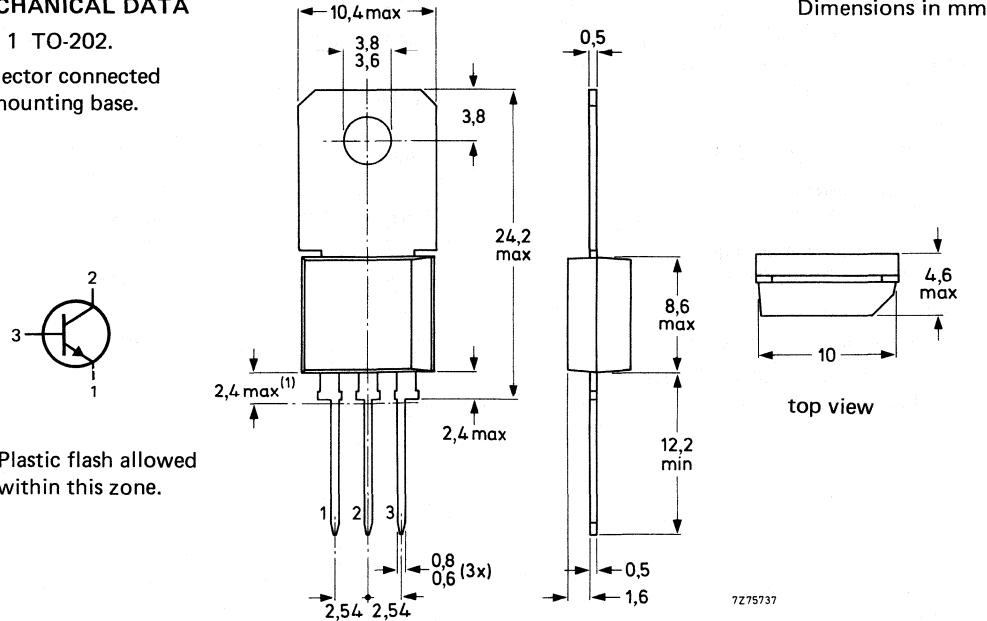
N-P-N transistors in a TO-202 plastic envelope intended for class-B video output stages in colour television receivers. P-N-P complements are BF870 and BF872.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BF869	BF871
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max. 250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max. 250	— V
Collector-emitter voltage ($R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega$)	V_{CER}	max. —	300 V
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max. 100	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max. 5	W
Junction temperature	T_j	max. 150	°C
D.C. current gain $I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	h_{FE}	> 50	
Transition frequency $-I_E = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	f_T	> 60	MHz
Feedback capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	< 2	pF

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-202.
Collector connected
to mounting base.



7275737

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

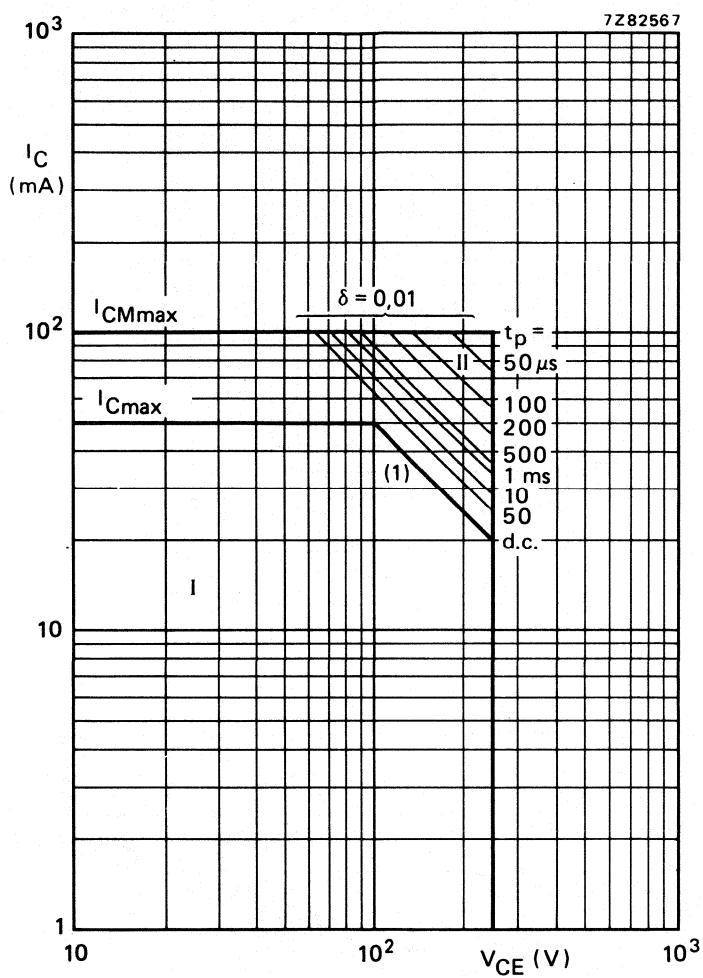
		BF869	BF871
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	250 300 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	250 - V
Collector-emitter voltage ($R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega$)	V_{CER}	max.	- 300 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	5 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	50 mA
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	100 mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	1,6 W
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	5 W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-65 to +150 $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 $^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient	$R_{th j-a}$	=	78	K/W
From junction to mounting base	$R_{th j-mb}$	=	25	K/W

CHARACTERISTICS

		BF869	BF871
$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified			
Collector cut-off current			
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 200 \text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	<	10 10 nA
$R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega; V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$	I_{CER}	<	- 1 μA
$R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega; V_{CE} = 200 \text{ V}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CER}	<	10 μA
Emitter cut-off current			
$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}$	I_{EBO}	<	10 μA
D.C. current gain			
$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	>	50
Base-emitter voltage			
$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	V_{BE}	typ.	0,75 V
High frequency knee voltage			
$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	V_{CEK}	typ.	20 V
Transition frequency			
$-I_E = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	f_T	>	60 MHz
Feedback capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	<	2 pF

Fig. 2 Safe Operating Area at $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

- I Region of permissible d.c. operation.
- II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
- (1) $P_{tot \ max}$ and $P_{tot \ peak \ max}$ lines.

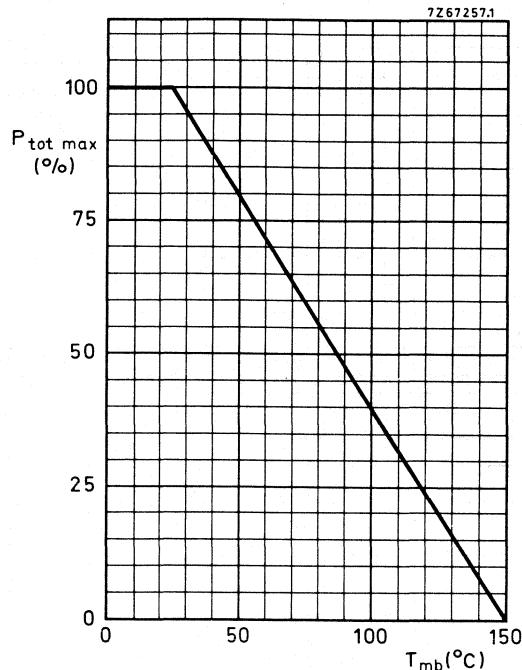


Fig. 3 Power derating curve.

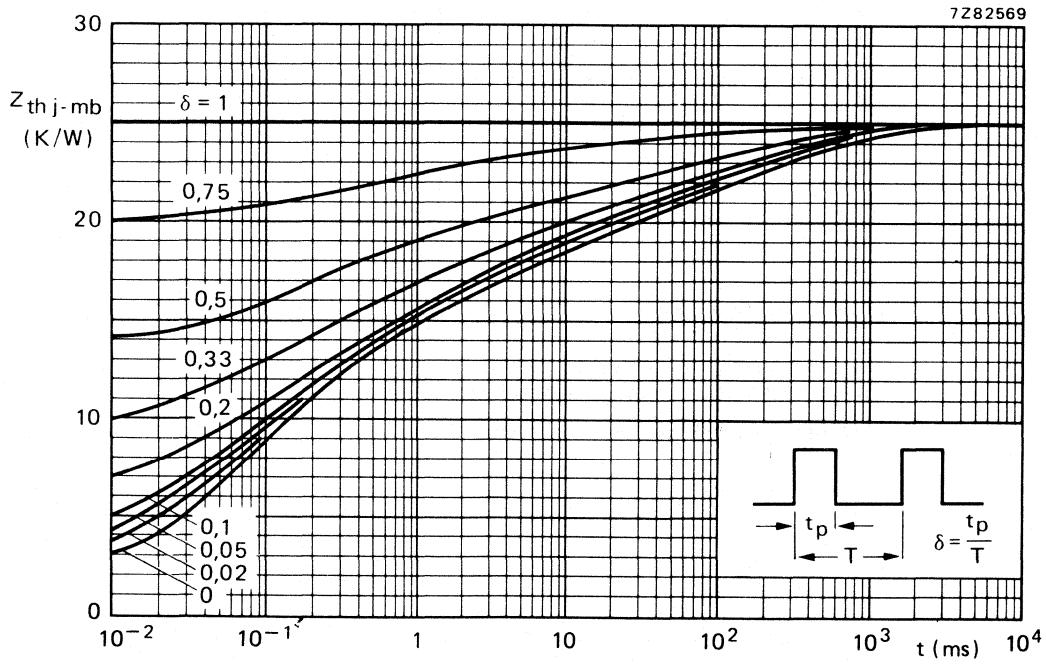
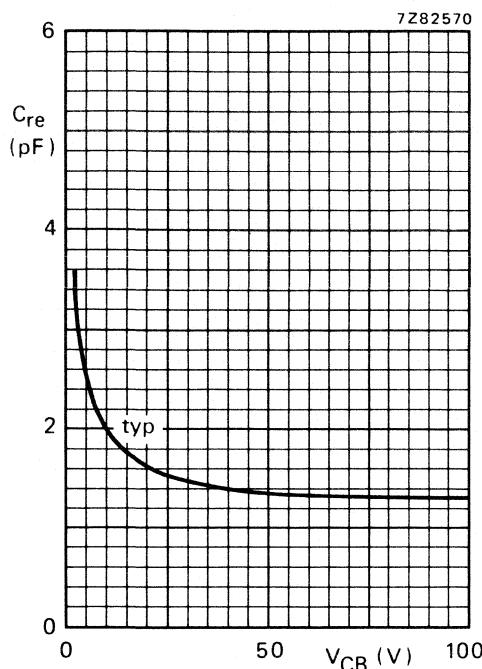
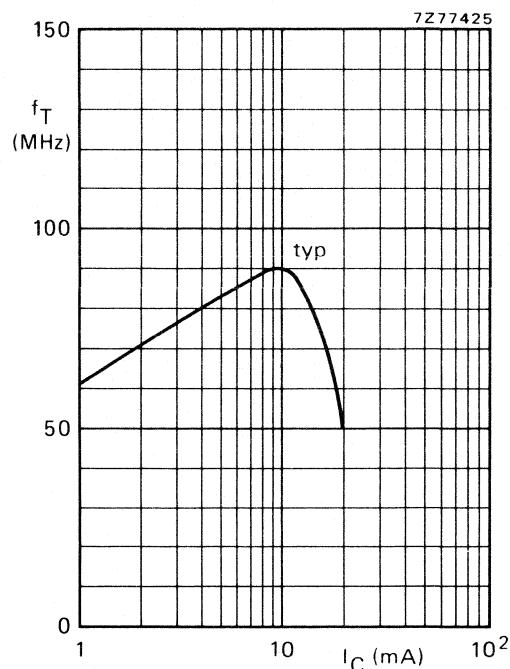
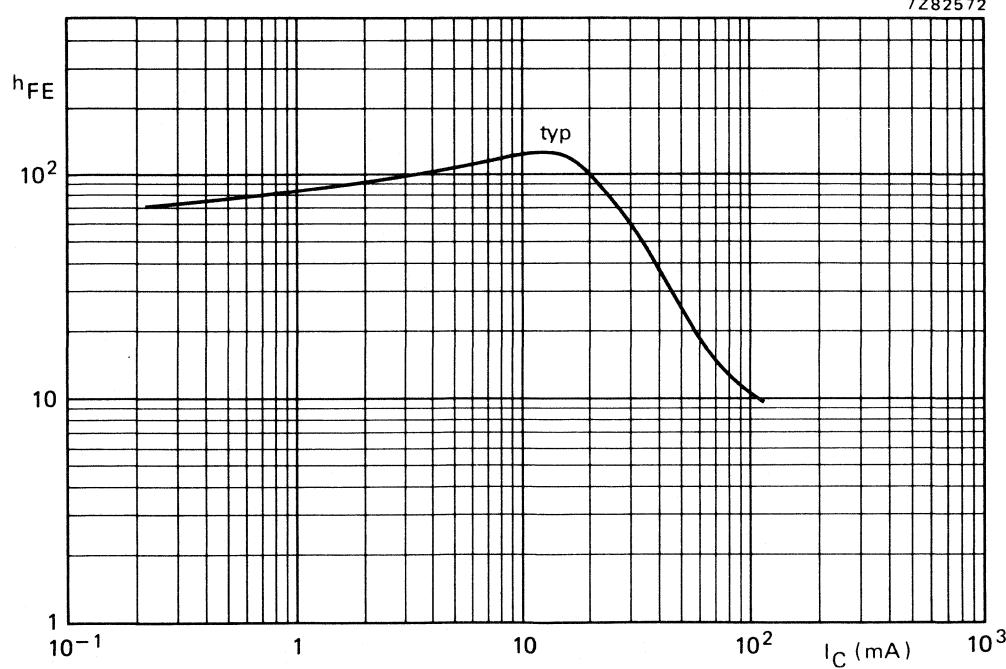


Fig. 4 Pulse power rating chart.

Fig. 5 $I_E = 0$; $f = 1$ MHz; $T_j = 25$ °C.Fig. 6 $V_{CE} = 10$ V; $T_j = 25$ °C.Fig. 7 D.C. current gain at $V_{CE} = 20$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

SILICON PLANAR VIDEO OUTPUT TRANSISTORS

P-N-P transistors in a TO-202 plastic envelope intended for class-B video output stages in colour television receivers. N-P-N complements are BF869 and BF871.

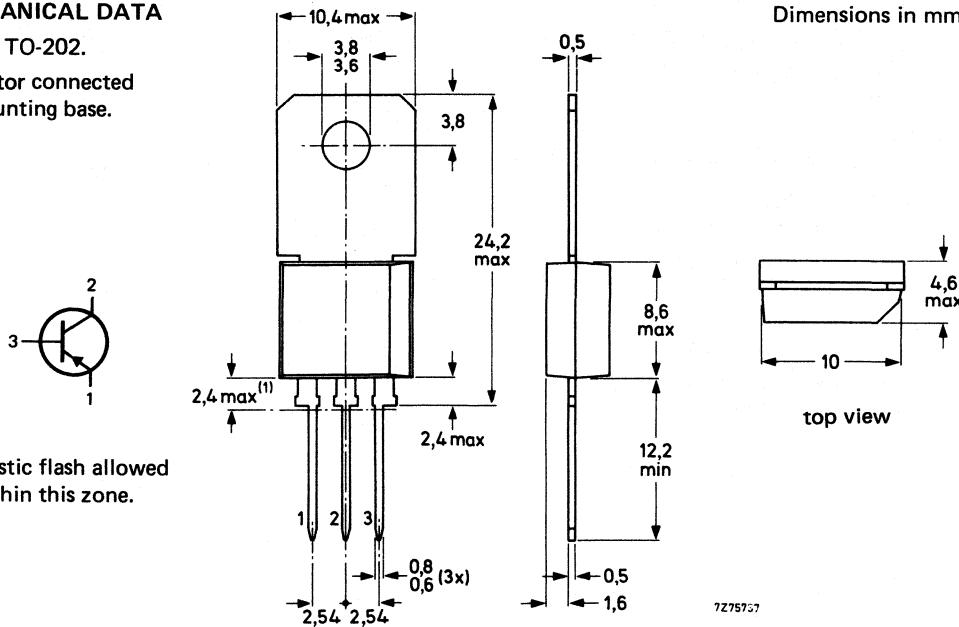
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BF870	BF872
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$-V_{CBO}$	max. 250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$-V_{CEO}$	max. 250	— V
Collector-emitter voltage ($R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega$)	$-V_{CER}$	max. —	300 V
Collector current (peak value)	$-I_{CM}$	max. 100	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max. 5	W
Junction temperature	T_j	max. 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
D.C. current gain $-I_C = 25 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	h_{FE}	> 50	
Transition frequency $I_E = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	f_T	> 60	MHz
Feedback capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0; -V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	< 2,2	pF

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-202.

Collector connected
to mounting base.



RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

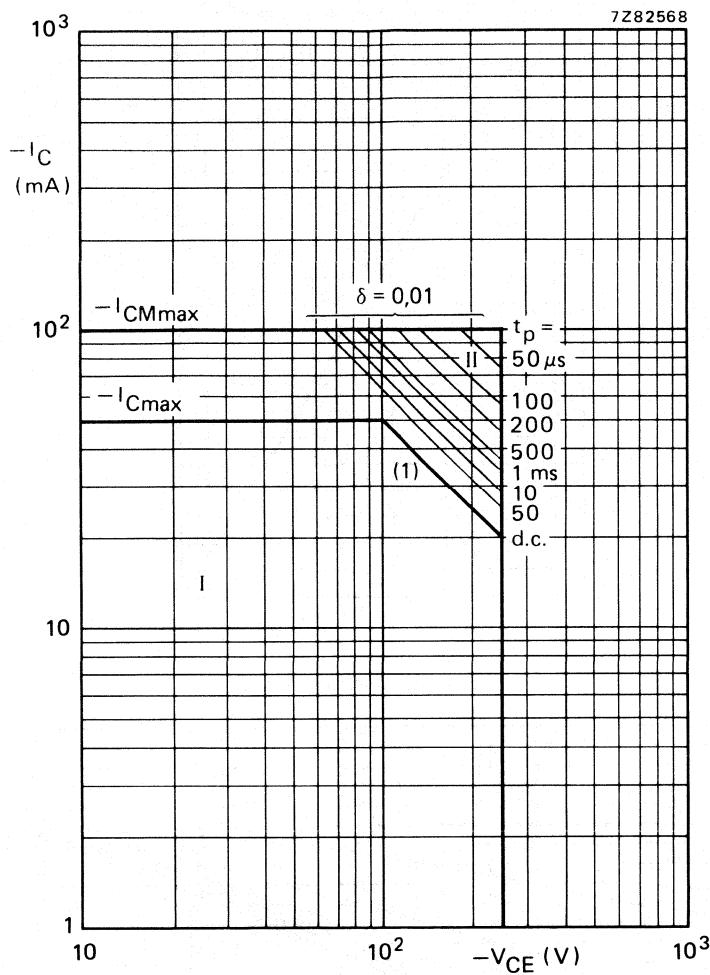
		BF870	BF872
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	-V _{CBO} max.	250	300 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	-V _{CEO} max.	250	- V
Collector-emitter voltage ($R_{BE} = 2,7 \text{ k}\Omega$)	-V _{CER} max.	-	300 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	-V _{EBO} max.	5	V
Collector current (d.c.)	-I _C max.	50	mA
Collector current (peak value)	-I _{CM} max.	100	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P _{tot} max.	1,6	W
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P _{tot} max.	5	W
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-65 to +150	°C
Junction temperature	T _j max.	150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient	R _{th j-a} =	78	K/W
From junction to mounting base	R _{th j-mb} =	25	K/W

CHARACTERISTICS

		BF870	BF872
T _j = 25 °C unless otherwise specified			
Collector cut-off current			
I _E = 0; -V _{CB} = 200 V	-I _{CBO} <	10	10 nA
R _{BE} = 2,7 kΩ; -V _{CE} = 300 V	-I _{CER} <	-	1 μA
R _{BE} = 2,7 kΩ; -V _{CE} = 200 V; T _j = 150 °C	-I _{CER} <	10	μA
Emitter cut-off current			
I _C = 0; -V _{EB} = 5 V	-I _{EBO} <	10	μA
D.C. current gain			
-I _C = 25 mA; -V _{CE} = 20 V	h _{FE} >	50	
Base emitter voltage			
-I _C = 25 mA; -V _{CE} = 20 V	-V _{BE} typ.	0,75	V
High-frequency knee voltage			
-I _C = 25 mA; T _j = 150 °C	-V _{CEK} typ.	20	V
Transition frequency			
I _E = 10 mA; -V _{CB} = 10 V	f _T >	60	MHz
Feedback capacitance at f = 1 MHz			
I _E = 0; -V _{CB} = 30 V	C _{re} <	2,2	pF

Fig. 2 Safe Operating ARea; $T_{mb} = 25^\circ C$.

- I Region of permissible d.c. operation.
- II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
- (1) $P_{tot\ max}$ and $P_{tot\ peak\ max}$ lines.

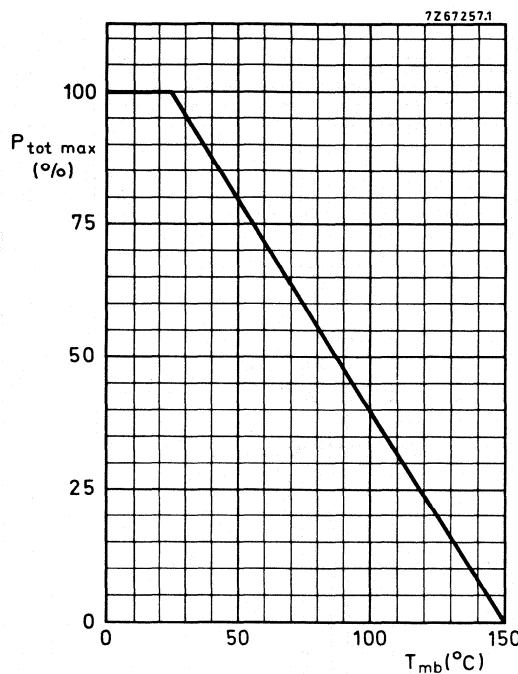


Fig. 3 Power derating curve.

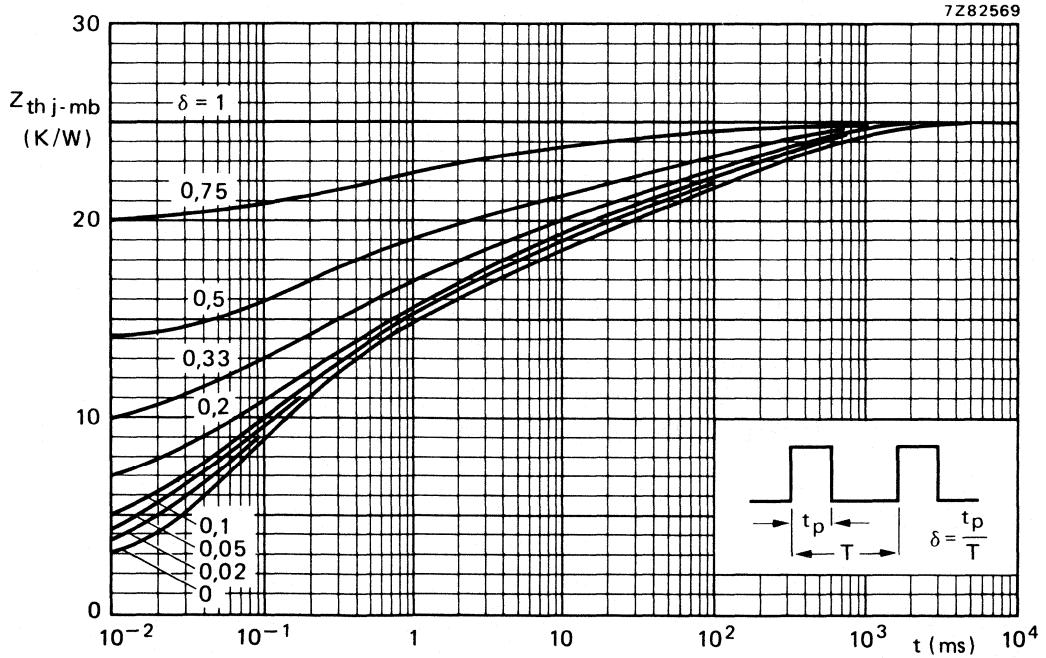
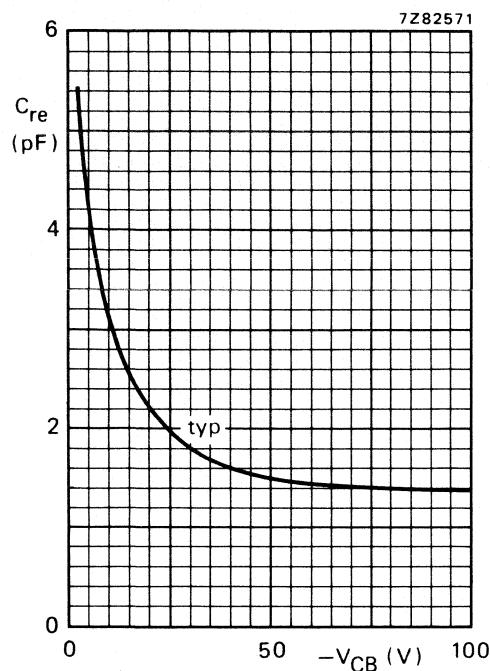
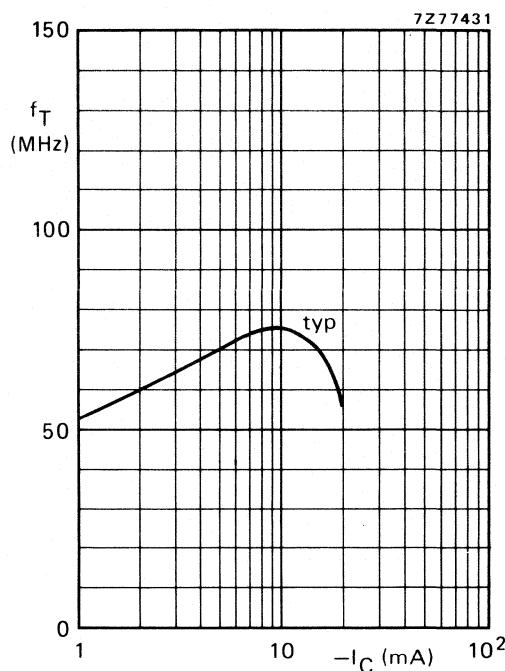
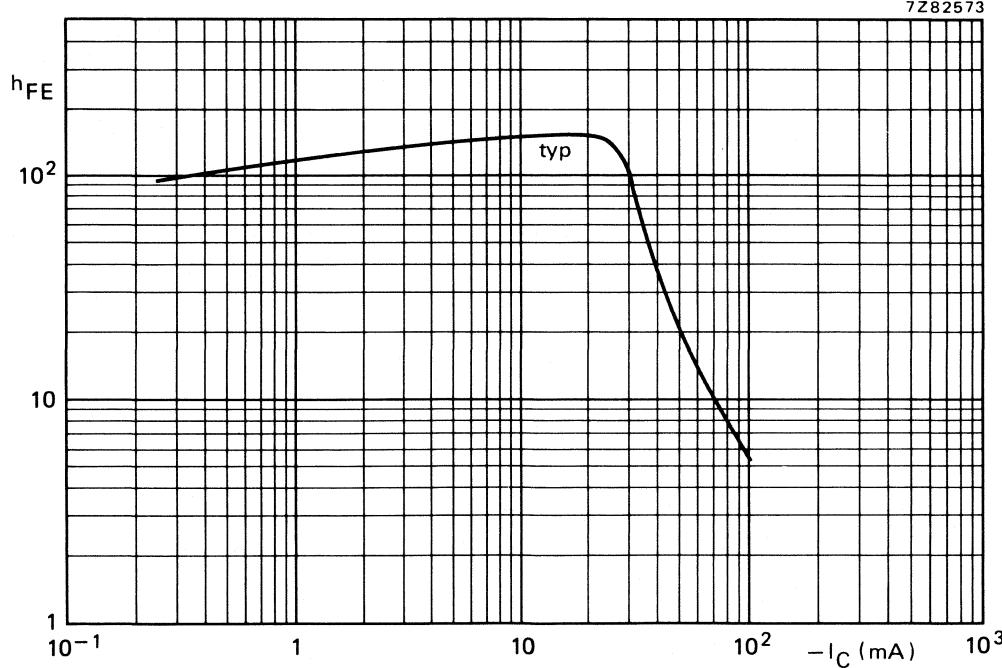


Fig. 4 Pulse power rating chart.

Fig. 5 $I_E = 0$; $f = 1$ MHz; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.Fig. 6 $-V_{CE} = 10$ V; $T_j = 25$ °C.Fig. 7 D.C. current gain at $-V_{CE} = 20$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

SILICON DARLINGTON POWER TRANSISTORS

High voltage n-p-n Darlington circuit with integrated speed-up diode in a plastic TO-220 envelope for industrial fast switching applications and horizontal deflection circuits of monitors and b/w television receivers.

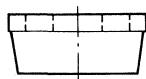
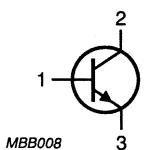
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BU806	BU807
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V _{CBO}	max. 400	330 V
Collector-emitter voltage ($V_{EB} = 6$ V)	V _{CEx}	max. 400	330 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V _{Ceo}	max. 200	150 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I _C	max. 8	A
Collector current (peak value) $t_p = 0,3$ ms; $\delta = 10\%$	I _{CM}	max. 15	A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25$ °C	P _{tot}	max. 60	W
Junction temperature	T _j	max. 150	°C
Fall time $I_{Con} = 5$ A; $I_{Bon} = 50$ mA; $-I_{Boff} = 500$ mA	t _f	typ. 0,2	μs

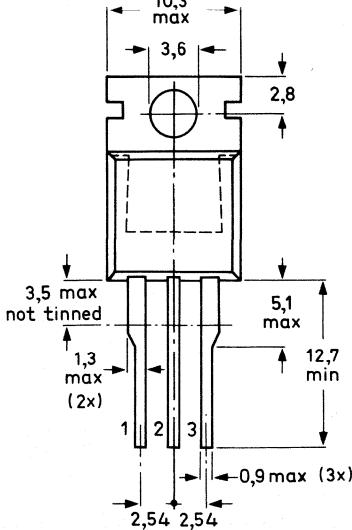
MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-220AB.

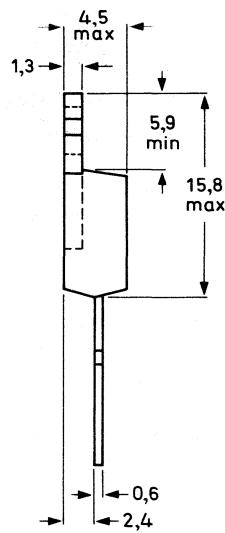
Collector connected to mounting base.



top view



Dimensions in mm



See also chapters Mounting instructions and Accessories.

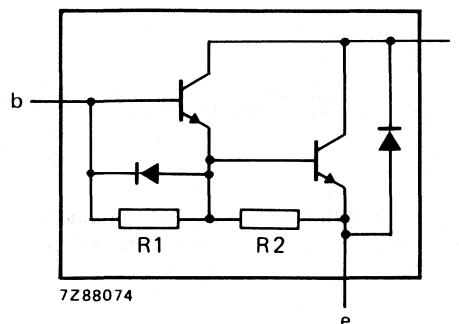


Fig. 2 Circuit diagram.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC134)

		BU806	BU807
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max. 400	330 V
Collector-emitter voltage ($V_{EB} = 6$ V)	V_{CEX}	max. 400	330 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max. 200	150 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max. 6	V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max. 8	A
Collector current (peak value) $t_p = 0,3$ ms; $\delta = 0,1$	I_{CM}	max. 15	A
Base current (d.c.)	I_B	max. 100	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25$ °C	P_{tot}	max. 60	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 to +150	
Junction temperature*	T_j	max. 150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE*

From junction to mounting base	$R_{th\ j-mb}$	=	2,08	K/W
--------------------------------	----------------	---	------	-----

CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current**

$V_{CE} = V_{CESmax}$; $V_{BE} = 0$ $I_{CES} < 100$ μ A

$V_{CE} = V_{CEXmax}$; $V_{EB} = 6$ V $I_{CEX} < 100$ μ A

Emitter cut-off current

$I_C = 0$; $V_{EB} = 6$ V $I_{EBO} < 3$ mA

Collector-emitter sustaining voltage

$I_C = 100$ mA; $I_{Boff} = 0$; $L = 25$ mH $V_{CEO}sust > 200$ V

BU806

BU807

150 V

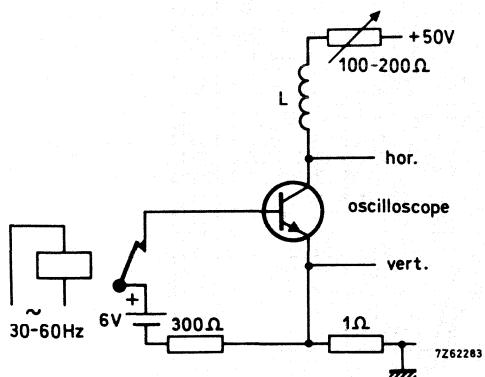
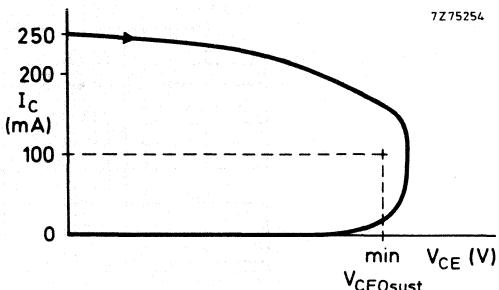
* Based on maximum average junction temperature in line with common industrial practice. The resulting higher junction temperature of the output transistor part is taken into account.

** Measured with a half sine wave voltage (curve tracer).

Saturation voltages

 $I_C = 5 \text{ A}; I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CEsat} < 1,5 \text{ V}$
 $V_{BEsat} < 2,8 \text{ V}$

Diode, forward voltage

 $I_F = 4 \text{ A}$ $V_F < 2 \text{ V}$ Fig. 3 Test circuit for $V_{CEO(sust)}$.Fig. 4 Oscilloscope display for $V_{CEO(sust)}$.

Switching times (between 10% and 90% levels)

 $I_{Con} = 5 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 100 \text{ V}$ t_{on} typ. $0,35 \mu\text{s}$ $I_{Bon} = 50 \text{ mA}; -I_{Boff} = 500 \text{ mA}$ t_s typ. $0,55 \mu\text{s}$

Turn-on time

 t_f typ. $0,2 \mu\text{s}$

Turn-off time: Storage time

Fall time

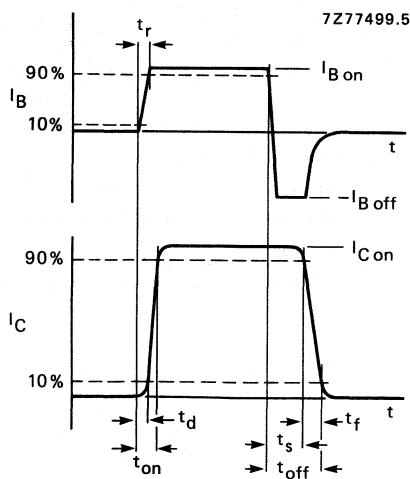


Fig. 5 Waveforms.

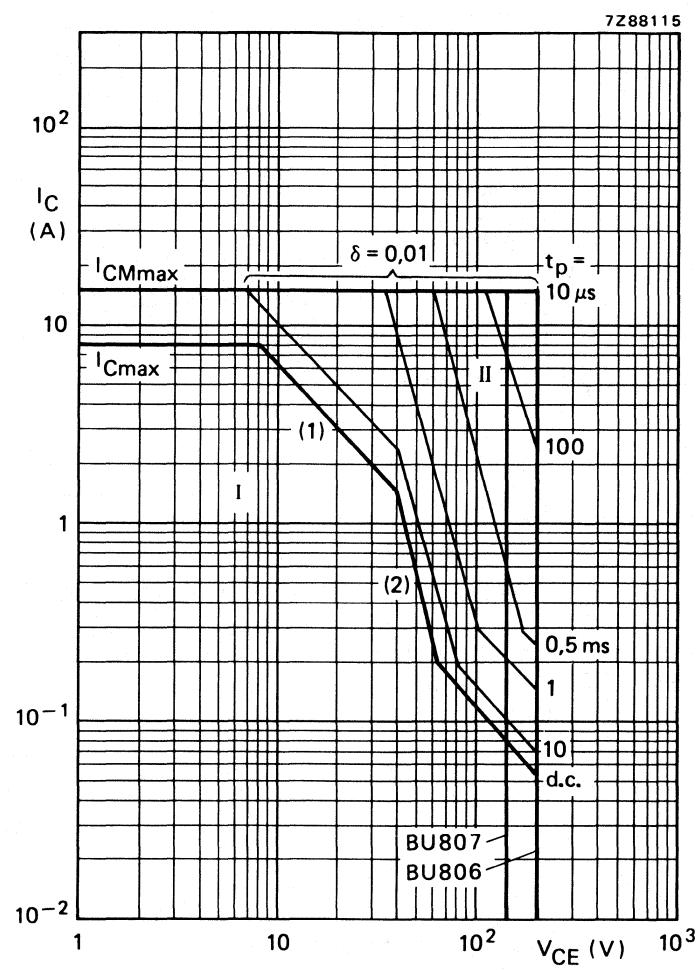


Fig. 6 D.C. Safe Operating ARea.

- I Region of permissible d.c. operation.
- II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
- (1) $P_{tot\ max}$ and $P_{tot\ peak\ max}$ lines.
- (2) Second breakdown limits (independent of temperature).

SILICON EPITAXIAL POWER TRANSISTORS

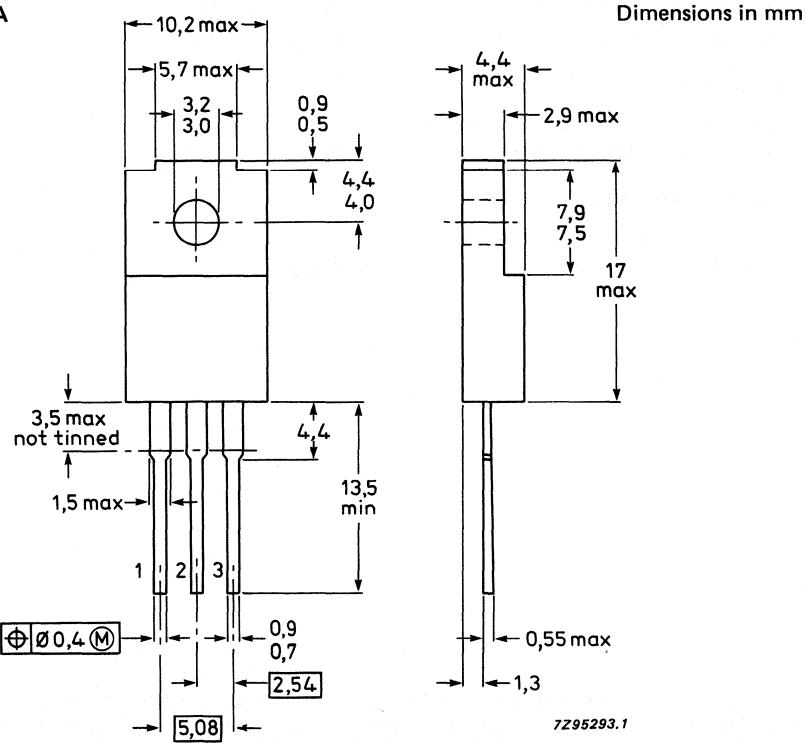
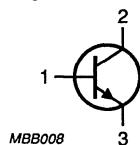
NPN Darlington power transistors in a SOT186 envelope with an electrically isolated seating plane.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BU806F	BU806AF	BU807F
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO} max.	400	400	330 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO} max.	200	180	150 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO} max.		6	V
Collector current				
DC	I_C max.		8	A
peak value	I_{CM} max.		15	A
Total power dissipation up to $T_h = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot} max.		28	W

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig.1 SOT186.



RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

			BU806F	BU806AF	BU807F
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	400	400	330 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	200	180	150 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.		6	V
Collector current DC	I_C	max.		8	A
peak value	I_{CM}	max.		15	A
Base current (DC)	I_B	max.		2	A
Total power dissipation up to $T_h = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (1)	P_{tot}	max.	18		W
up to $T_h = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (2)	P_{tot}	max.	28		W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	max.		-65 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_j	max.		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
THERMAL RESISTANCE					
From junction to internal heatsink	$R_{th j-mb}$	max.	2		K/W
From junction to external heatsink (1)	$R_{th j-h}$	max.	7		K/W
From junction to external heatsink (2)	$R_{th j-h}$	max.	4.5		K/W
INSULATION					
Voltage allowed between all terminals and external heatsink, peak value	V_{insul}	max.	1500		V
CHARACTERISTICS					
Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 5 \text{ A}; I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	\leq		1.5	V

- (1) Mounted without heatsink compound and $30 \pm 5 \text{ N}$ pressure on centre of envelope.
- (2) Mounted with heatsink compound and $30 \pm 5 \text{ N}$ pressure on centre of envelope.

Philips Components – a worldwide company

Argentina: PHILIPS ARGENTINA S.A., Div. Philips Components, Vedia 3892, 1430 BUENOS AIRES, Tel. (01)541-4261.

Australia: PHILIPS COMPONENTS PTY Ltd, 11 Waltham Street, ARTARMON, N.S.W. 2064, Tel. (02) 439 3322.

Austria: ÖSTERREICHISCHE PHILIPS INDUSTRIE G.m.b.H., UB Bauelemente, Triester Str. 64, 1101 WIEN, Tel. (0222) 60 101-820.

Belgium: N.V. PHILIPS PROF. SYSTEMS – Components Div., 80 Rue Des Deux Gares, B-1070 BRUXELLES, Tel. (02) 52 56 111.

Brazil: PHILIPS COMPONENTS (Active Devices) Av. Brigadeiro Faria Lima, 1735-SAO PAULO-SP, Tel. (011) 211-2600.

PHILIPS COMPONENTS (Passive Devices & Materials) Av. Francisco Monteiro, 702-RIBEIRO PIRES-SP, Tel. (011) 459-8211.

Canada: PHILIPS ELECTRONICS LTD., Philips Components, 601 Milner Ave., SCARBOROUGH, Ontario, M1B 1M8, Tel. (416) 292-5161.

Chile: PHILIPS CHILENA S.A., Av. Santa Maria 0760, SANTIAGO, Tel. (02) 77 38 16.

Colombia: IPRELENZO LTDA, Carrera 21 No. 56-17, BOGOTA, D.E., P.O. Box 77621, Tel. (01) 2 497 7624.

Denmark: PHILIPS COMPONENTS A/S, Prags Boulevard 80, PB1919, DK-2300 COPENHAGEN S, Tel. 01-54 1133.

Finland: PHILIPS COMPONENTS, Sinkkulantie 3, SF-2630 ESPOO HELSINKI 10, Tel. 358-0-50 261.

France: PHILIPS COMPOSANTS RTC-COMPELEC, 117 Quai du Président Roosevelt, 92134 ISSY-LES-MOULINEAUX Cedex, Tel. (01) 49 93 80 00.

Germany (Fed. Republic): VALVO, UB Bauelemente der Philips G.m.b.H., Valvo Haus, Burchardstrasse 19, D-2 HAMBURG 1, Tel. (040) 3296-0.

Greece: PHILIPS HELLENIQUE S.A., Components Division, No. 15, 25th March Street, GR 17778 TAVROS, Tel. (01) 48 94 339/48 94 911.

Hong Kong: PHILIPS HONG KONG LTD., Components Div., 15/F Philips Ind. Bldg., 24-28 Kung Yip St., KWAI CHUNG, Tel. (0) 42 45 121.

India: PEICO ELECTRONICS & ELECTRICALS LTD., Components Dept., Band Box Building, 254-D Dr. Annie Besant Rd., BOMBAY – 400025, Tel. (022) 49 30 311/49 30 590.

Indonesia: P.T. PHILIPS-RALIN ELECTRONICS, Components Div., Setiabudi II Building, 6th Fl., Jalan H.R. Rasuna Said (P.O. Box 223/KBY) Kuningan, JAKARTA 12910, Tel. (021) 51 7955.

Ireland: PHILIPS ELECTRONICS (IRELAND) LTD., Components Division, Newstead, Clonskeagh, DUBLIN 14, Tel. (01) 69 33 55.

Italy: PHILIPS S.p.A., Philips Components, Piazza IV Novembre 3, I-20124 MILANO, Tel. (02) 6752.1.

Japan: PHILIPS K.K. Philips Components Division, Philips Bldg 13-37, Kohan 2-chome, Minato-ku, TOKYO (108), Tel. (03) 740 5028.

Korea (Republic of): PHILIPS ELECTRONICS (KOREA) LTD., Components Division, Philips House, 260-199 Itaewon-dong, Yongsan-ku, SEOUL, Tel. (02) 794-5011.

Malaysia: PHILIPS MALAYSIA SDN BHD, Components Div., 3 Jalan SS15/2A SUBANG, 47500 PETALING JAYA, Tel. (03) 73 45511.

Mexico: PHILIPS COMPONENTS, Paseo Triunfo de la Republica, No 215 Local 5, Cd Juarez CHI HUA HUA 32340 MEXICO Tel. (16) 18-67-01/02.

Netherlands: PHILIPS NEDERLAND, Marktgroep Philips Components, Postbus 90050, 5600 PB EINDHOVEN, Tel. (040) 78 37 49.

New Zealand: PHILIPS NEW ZEALAND LTD., Components Division, 110 Mt. Eden Road, C.P.O. Box 1041, AUCKLAND, Tel. (09) 605-914.

Norway: NORSK AV Philips, Philips Components, Box 1, Manglerud 0612, OSLO, Tel. (02) 68 02 00.

Pakistan: PHILIPS ELECTRICAL CO. OF PAKISTAN LTD., Philips Markaz, M.A. Jinnah Rd., KARACHI-3, Tel. (021) 725772.

Peru: CADESA, Av. Pardo y Aliaga No. 695, 6th Floor, San Isidro, LIMA 100, PO. Box 5612, Tel. (014) 70 70 80.

Philippines: PHILIPS INDUSTRIAL DEV. INC., 2246 Paseng Tambo, P.O. Box 911 Makati Comm. Centre, MAKATI-RIZAL 3116, Tel. (02) 868951 to 59.

Portugal: PHILIPS PORTUGUESA S.A.R.L., Av. Eng. Duarte Pacheco 6, 1009 LISBOA Codex, Tel. (019) 68 31 21.

Singapore: PHILIPS SINGAPORE, PTE LTD., Components Div., Lorong 1, Toa Payoh, SINGAPORE 1231, Tel. 35 02 000.

South Africa: S.A. PHILIPS PTY LTD., Components Division, JOHANNESBURG 2000, P.O. Box 7430.

Spain: PHILIPS COMPONENTS, Balmes 22, 08007 BARCELONA, Tel. (03) 301 63 12.

Sweden: PHILIPS COMPONENTS, A.B., Tegeluddsvägen 1, S-11584 STOCKHOLM, Tel. (08) 78 21 000.

Switzerland: PHILIPS A.G., Components Dept., Allmendstrasse 140-142, CH-8027 ZURICH, Tel. (01) 488 22 11.

Taiwan: PHILIPS TAIWAN LTD., 150 Tun Hua North Road, PO. Box 22978, TAIPEI, Taiwan, Tel. (02) 71 20 500.

Thailand: PHILIPS ELECTRICAL CO. OF THAILAND LTD., 283 Silom Road, P.O. Box 961, BANGKOK, Tel. (02) 233-6330-9.

Turkey: TÜRK PHILIPS TİCARET A.S., Philips Components, Talatpasa Cad. No. 5, 80640 LEVENT/İSTANBUL, Tel. (011) 179 27 70.

United Kingdom: PHILIPS COMPONENTS LTD., Mullard House, Torrington Place, LONDON WC1E 7HD, Tel. (01) 580 6633.

United States: (Colour picture tubes – Monochrome & Colour Display Tubes) PHILIPS DISPLAY COMPONENTS COMPANY, 1600 Huron Parkway, P.O. Box 963, ANN ARBOR, Michigan 48106, Tel. 313/996-9400.
(IC Products) SIGNETICS CORPORATION, 811 East Arques Avenue, SUNNYVALE, CA 94088-3409, Tel. (408) 991-2000.
(Passive Components, Discrete Semiconductors, Materials and Professional Components) PHILIPS COMPONENTS, Discrete Products Division, 2001 West Blue Heron Blvd., P.O. Box 10330, RIVIERA BEACH, Florida 33404, Tel. (407) 881-3200.

Uruguay: PHILIPS COMPONENTS, Coronel Mora 433, MONTEVIDEO, Tel. (02) 70-40 44.

Venezuela: MAGNETICA S.A., Calle 6, Ed. Las Tres Jotas, CARACAS 1074A, App. Post. 78117, Tel. (02) 241 75 09.

Zimbabwe: PHILIPS ELECTRICAL (PVT) LTD., 62 Mutare Road, HARARE, P.O. Box 994, Tel. 47211.

For all other countries apply to: Philips Components Division, Strategic Accounts and International Sales, P.O. Box 218, 5600 MD EINDHOVEN, The Netherlands, Telex 35000 phtcnl, Fax. 23753

AS75 © Philips Export B.V. 1989

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.

The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Printed in The Netherlands

9398 170 100 11

Philips Components



PHILIPS